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THE Bombay Gazette.

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UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

No. 55,098—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, JULY 29, 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 2-30 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
30th July	CALEDONIA	7558	.....	...
4th August	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9600
13th "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...
20th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9503
27th "	HIMALAYA	6898	.....	...
3rd Sept.	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
10th "	OCEANA	6610	.....	...
17th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
24th "	PERSIA	7951	.....	...
1st Oct.	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9621
8th "	ARABIA	7903	.....	...
15th "	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7919
22nd "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...
29th "	MANTUA	10885	.....	...
5th Nov.	HIMALAYA	6898	.....	...
12th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10883
19th "	MARMORA	10509	.....	...
26th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
18th Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	10885
25th "	ARABIA	7903	....	...
4th March	MALWA	10883	....	...
11th "	EGYPT	7912	....	...
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
22nd "	• ARCADIA	7000	....	...
25th "	PERSIA	7951	....	...
1st April	MARMORA	10509	....	...
8th "	CALEDONIA	7558	....	...
15th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9600
22nd "	MANTUA	10885	....	...
29th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9503
6th May	ARABIA	7903	....	...
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
20th "	EGYPT	7912	....	...

The above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

*INTERMEDIALE PASSENGER STEAMER,
At Special Rates.

The S. S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 22nd MARCH, 911 direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES,

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea	Rs. 323 or Rs. 647	Rs. 792 or Rs. 940

These rates include the Surtax.

For Accommodation and further information apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. CO.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.
(GERMAN EAST AFRIKA LINE)

Regular Fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following steamers will SAIL:—

Steamer.	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail about 1910.
a Kaiser	3,000	Ulrich	2nd Aug.
b Markgraf	3,680	Timm	20th "
a Somali	2,700	Greiwe	30th "

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.

a Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.

b Will call at Seychelles.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & Co.,
Agents.

24, Meadow Street, Bombay, 13th July, 1910.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—
HOMEWARD SEASON.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leaves Bombay.
SCINDIA	8108	Wm. Kelso	29th July 1910
CASTALIA	6386	J. Hamilton	11th August "
ELYSIA	6368	G. Mitchell	25th " "
MASSILIA	5091	J. Thomson	15th Sept. "
OLYMPIA	5124	A. Tait	30th " "
OHCASSIA	6716	C. F. Osborne	13th Oct. "
SCINDIA	8108	Wm. Kelso	29th " "
CASTALIA	6386	J. Hamilton	13th Nov. "
ELYSIA	6368	G. Mitchell	26th " "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers :—

	Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413
Bombay to Portsaid	446
Bombay to Marseilles	578
Bombay to Liverpool	605
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles	658
Bombay to New York	903
Bombay to Suez and back	627
Bombay to Portsaid and back	677
Bombay to Liverpool and back	990
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	1,038
Bombay to New York and back	1,340

Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez, Rs. 446.

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

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For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

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Agents, Bombay.

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A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

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FOR KARACHI. (Direct.)

T. S. "LHASA," 2,171 tons, on Friday, 29th July, at 6 a. m. or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,693 tons, on Thursday, 4th Aug. sailing (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "NUDDEA," 3,000 tons, on Monday, 1st Aug. sailing at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA. (Fortnightly.)

A STEAMER sailing on or about the 13th August.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to
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Agents, Bombay.

28th July, 1910.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
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CALCUTTA : GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON : GRINDLAY & Co.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE (Transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Siracusa	3,500	Giuliano	15th Aug. 1910
Dco Baldnino	4,580	G. Ronchi	15th Sept. "
R. Rubattino	4,780	L. Mancini	15th Oct. "

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa with the Company's Weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 728; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Capri	6,000	D. Moresco	16th Aug. 1910
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th Sept. "
Capri	6,000	D. Moresco	16th Oct. "

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to.....to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 230.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

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THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins Amidships for First Class Passengers only.

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SHIPPING.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
DUMBEA	5,685	Rebufat	4th Augt 1910.
SYDNEY	4,118	Costa	1st Sept. "
SALAZIE	4,147	Biquier	29th Sept. "
NERA	5,538	Martin	27th Oct. "
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Lafont	24th Nov. "
ARMAND BEHIC	6,385	X	22nd Dec. "
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	X	19th Jan 1911.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels:	Tons.	Captains:	To Sail on or about
NERA	5,538	Martin	12th Aug 1910.
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Lafont	9th Sept "

For further particulars apply to—

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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

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Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum, rules on application.

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JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager.

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BANKERS AND AGENTS.

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BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
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SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

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POONA RACES, 1910.

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With the help of a GOOD BINOCULAR you can obtain

THE BEST SPORT FOR YOUR MONEY.

Rs. 28-8. The "VELDT" Binocular. A particularly large field and a good night glass. Suitable for Field, Marine or Theatre.
Rs. 35. The "FLAMARION." A perfect field glass with achromatic lenses. Used by several Regiments in India and is considered most useful and a wonderful glass for all forms of sport.
Rs. 78-12. Marcks' "PRISMATIC" Binocular. This glass compares favourably both in optical and mechanical construction with the best. Once carefully focussed always ready.
Rs. 70. The "DERBY" Prismatic Binocular is English-made throughout. Possesses clear definition with a large field, can be focussed in a second.
Rs. 110. GOERZ TRIEDER Binocular No. 20. Magnification 6x. Surface Magnification 36x.
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Rs. 136. GOERZ TRIEDER Binocular No. 40. Magnification 12x. Surface Magnification 144x.
GOERZ TRIEDER Binocular exceeds the Magnifying power of any Binocular extant. They are practically powerful Telescopes in Binocular form.

The above prices include brown leather case with belt fittings and slings with each Binocular.
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MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE,
Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Rs. 1.
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Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Rs. 1.
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Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.
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Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Rs. 1-8.
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scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.
BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.
SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY
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WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

NOW READY PRICE Rs. 3.
THE Bombay Gazette
EXCHANGE TABLES.
(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

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ADVANCING BY 32NDS
FROM
1s. 3¾d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.
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1909.

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Largest Importers of and Dealers in :—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

Kerosine Oil Brands :—

Snowflake 150° in cases.
Chester 125° " "
Monkey 125° " "
Elephant in tins and bulk.

J. B. ORR'S "ZINGESSOL" PERFECTED WASHABLE WATER PAINT, Manufactured by JOHN B. ORR, F.C.S., is unrivalled as an artistic and permanent decoration.

Specially appointed by the Viceroy of India for the designs and decorating Government House 1890, also the High Commissioner Milner 1903, H. E. Viscount Africa.

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FROM LONDON.

PAINTER & HOUSE DECORATOR,
Importer of the Best English oils and colour, &c.
Sole Agent in India, for J. B. Orr, F.C.S.
ZINGESSOL ORR'S ZINC WHITE
AND PURE OXIDE OF ZINC
Colour Washing of Walls with ORR'S ZINGESSOL, THE PERFECTED WASHABLE WATER PAINT.
Coloured Card and Book on Application.
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"ZINGESSOL," is admirably adapted for the interior or exterior decoration of either Private Residences, Hospitals, Churches, or other Public Buildings.

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CELEBRATED
KILN DRIED FLOUR
in 7lb. tin.
DOG AND SHIP BISCUITS
VERY SUPERIOR.
PEARSE & CO.,
By Appointment to H. E. The GOVERNOR
ESTABLISHED 1872.
CHOICE
ENGLISH & ITALIAN
PASTRY.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and lyrical weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A NEW medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope on receipt of Postal Order Sixpence, from THE VETARZO REMEDIES Co., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

Agents for India:—TREACHER AND CO., LTD. BOMBAY, BYCULLA, and POONA.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

BRITISH INDIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of SUGAR, per s. s. "URLANA," from JAVA, are hereby notified that the Steamer is expected to ARRIVE in Bombay, on or about the 1st Prox, and will DISCHARGE in Dock.

(2) Consignees are requested to present their Bills of Lading for Delivery orders and to take delivery of their Cargo immediately on discharge.

(3) The Company's Surveyor will attend every morning, between 8 and 9 a.m., to survey damaged bags. No Survey will be held after seven days of the landing of the last bag.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE AND CO., Agents.

27th July, 1910.

NOTICE.

SUMMONS FOR DISPOSAL OF SUIT.
(Order 5 Rules 20 C. P. C.)

IN THE COURT OF SENIOR SUBORDINATE JUDGE, JUBBULPORE.
SUIT No. 10 OF 1910.

SHIMSHOOLAL, Proprietor of the firm, Messrs. J. R. KABOOL SINGH and SON, Bankers, Jabbulpore..... Plaintiff

VERSUS.

Lieut. E. C. GRIFFIN, R. G. A., C/o R. A. Mess., Colaba, Bombay..... Defendant.

WHEREAS the Plaintiff has instituted a Suit against you for recovery of Rs. 1,588, you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court, in person or by a Pleader duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the Suit, or who shall be accompanied by some person able to answer all such questions on the 30th August, 1910, at 10-30 O'clock in the forenoon, to answer the claim, and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the Suit, you must be prepared to produce on that day all the witnesses upon whose evidence and all the document upon which you intend to rely in support of your defence.

Take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this twenty-seventh day of July, 1910.

By Order,
A. HYDER ALI,
Senior Subordinate Judge.

THE PORT CANNING AND LAND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the THIRTY-SIXTH DIVIDEND at the Rate of Rs. 42 (Forty-two) per Share, has been declared and will be payable on and after WEDNESDAY, the 3rd proximo, to Shareholders on the Register on the 27th Instant, on production of their Share Certificates.

The dividend will be paid to Share-holders at the Company's Office, No. 3, Forbes Street, between the hours of 11-30 A.M. and 4 P.M., Standard Time, on week days, and between 11-30 A.M. and 2-30 P.M., Standard Time, on Saturdays.

By Order,
PEROSHAW B. R. MODY,
Manager.

Bombay, 27th July, 1910.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V. by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last will and Testament of GORDHANDAS BUNCHODDAS, late of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, married, a Merchant, having his fixed place of abode at Withal Wadi, outside the Fort, deceased.

(1) GORDHANDAS MORARJI.....and
(2) DWARKADAS MEGHJI, both of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu Inhabitants, two of the three Executors named in the Will of the deceased GORDHANDAS RUNCHODDAS, residing at Malad, in Thana District, and Gowalji, outside the Fort, respectively ..... Petitioners.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness, Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this Twenty-sixth day of July, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and ten and in the first year of our Reign.

L. N. BANAJI,
Registrar.
The Seal of the High Court at Bombay.
The 26th day of July, 1910.
Messrs. MADHAVJI, KAMDAR & CHHOTUBHAI,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.
They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

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WESTRALIAN JARRAH, STEAM, SAWN SCANTLINGS, suitable for Flooring, Joists, Rafters, Posts, Chowkhats, Office Earthtions, Doors, Windows, Polished Furniture, Frame-work, Cotton Bale Ribs. Jarrah is about half the price of Teak. A large assortment of Scantling sizes and lengths always kept in stock at our MAZAGON DEPOT, Victoria Road.

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GRAND CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.

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THAT this well-managed Company has gained the confidence of the insuring public of the East and Far East is evidenced by the marvellous growth during its twelve years of existence, as the statement and comparison here given proof :—

	1906 Rs.	1910 Rs.
Insurance in force...	3,68,02,378	5,67,83,928
Assets	52,80,240	1,26,22,875
Total Income	28,83,602	53,49,837
INSURANCE FUND ...	51,43,380	1,23,25,218

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	Rs.
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Trustees, Messrs. H. C. Gulland, J. C. Hanson, & Alex. McLeod. With Board of Trade, England.	3,00,000

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Fort, BOMBAY.

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GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.

RESULTS FOR 1909.

New Policies issued (net) ...6,514 for	£.	1,986,394
New Premiums (1909) ...	,,	90,965
Surplus on transactions for above period	,,	273,119
Annual Income ...	,,	1,422,802
Assets ...	,,	10,315,985
Total Payments under Policies	,,	25,606,534

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WORLD WIDE POLICIES.
Indian Lives at European Rates.
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Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

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ACCESSORIES, SPARES, ETC.—The UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14 Hummum Street, Fort, have just received from England a fresh lot of best Motor Accessories, Musical Horns, Spark Tensifiers, etc, and are selling anything and everything for MOTOR CARS, at very LOW PRICES.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FOR SALE.—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

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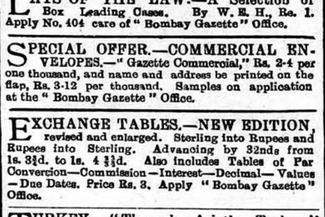

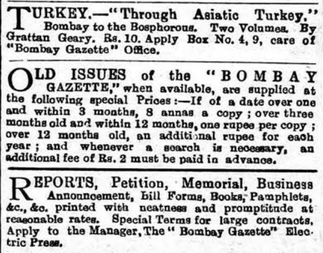

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The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 27-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 29th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on the Ground Floor, Sargent House, Apollo Bunder (near Tramway Co. godown), the valuable and handsome French-polished teakwood and blackwood household furniture, such as dining table and chairs, mirrored sideboard, dinner waggon, marble topped tables and teapoys, drawing room suit of sofas and chairs, side and corner cabinets, single and double iron bedsteads, single and double mirror door almirahs, clothes and hanging presses, chest of drawers, dressing and washhand tables, fancy table ornaments, wind proof lamps, Brussel's carpets, glassware, crockery ware, plated ware, etc., the property of Mrs. N. Roberts and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

SALE OF TWO MOTOR BUSES, LYING AT NASIK CITY AND MANMAD.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate of Dayabhai Chotalal Vakil, an insolvent, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction—

At Nasik City, in the compound of Mr. Buchraj Dayaram Seth Marvadi, on TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 30th July, at 11 a.m.—

1 motor bus, to seat 16 persons, by Thornycroft.

At Manmad, near the Station, on SUNDAY, the 31st July, at 11 a.m.—

1 motor bus, to seat 16 persons, by Layland.

Cash will be required at the time of sale.

SALE ON SUNDAY, 31st Inst.

On SUNDAY, the 31st instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Mathew Road, Chowpatty, opposite Railway Level Crossing and next to the Bungalow of the late Mr. Justice Telang, handsome teakwood and blackwood house-hold furniture, such as set of drawing-room sofas and chairs, marble-topped table and teapoys, English soenda almira, brass double bedstead, complete, chest of drawers, iron safe, table and hanging lamps, cupboards, table ornaments, etc., the property of a deceased Parsee gentleman and others.

The above is on view.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, the 1st August, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms in Bank Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following :—

Furniture, such as almyrah, cupboard, chest of drawers, writing, dressing and washhand tables, sofas, easy chairs, light chairs, large size safe, foot sewing machine by White.

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Several gent's bicycles by different makers :—
1 polished and rubber-tyred office shigram.
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1 glass fronted and double-seated brougham.

On WEDNESDAY, the 3rd August, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Taj Building, 1st Floor, Hornby Road, Fort, opposite to the Old Police Courts, few pieces of surplus furniture, etc., belonging to R. J. Tata, Esq. and others, consisting of English-made sideboard, chairs, cabinets, old Indian carved furniture, such as sofas, chairs, tables, inlaid mother-of-pearl chairs, old Chinese and Indian curiosities, etc. Also teakwood and blackwood well made furniture, such as a set of large dining table, drawingroom suit of sofas and chairs, elegant cabinets and sideboard, revolving office table, book cases, new designed double bedsteads, single and double almiras, marble-topped dressing, washhand tables, teapoys, hat-stand, pianola and pianola rollers, etc.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 3 days before the sale.

SALE ON THURSDAY, 4th August.

On THURSDAY, the 4th August, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Fern House, (1st Floor), Colaba Causeway, opposite the Tramway Co. office, the valuable and neat teakwood and blackwood household furniture, such as dining table and chairs, mirrored sideboard and dinner-waggon, drawingroom suit of sofas and chairs, pier, writing, dressing and wash-hand tables, side and corner cabinets, book and hat-stands, sweet-toned cottage piano by Rose and Co., iron bedsteads, single and double mirror door almiras, clothes and hanging presses, cheval glass, chest of drawers, Singer's sewing machine, partition screen, marble-topped tables and teapoys, palm-stand, jardinniers, glassware, crockery ware, best platedware, table and hanging lamps, fancy table ornaments, cooking stove, etc., the property of Mrs. C. Konobett and others.

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Bombay, 29th July, 1910.

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PREMIUMS FOR FULLEST BENEFITS
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PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

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Bombay,	Chittagong,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Cochin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
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Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy	Entebbe,
Cawnpore		

FIXND DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

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SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....	£ 562,500
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Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

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CAPITAL CALLED UP ...	,,	50,00,000
RESERVE FUND.....	,,	1,75,000

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GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).
The Hon'ble Mr. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS (Bhownuggur.)
KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)
RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.
E. BARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

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The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

J. A. STEWART, Acting Manager.

BANKS.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up)..... Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper)..... Rs. 27,50,000

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FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

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Calcutta.	Shanghai.	City of Mexico.
Hongkong.	Yokohama.	Washington.
Canton.	Colon.	Panama.
Manila.	Kobe.	Singapore.
Hankow.	Empire.	Peking.

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

GEO. HOGG, Manager.
BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ..... ,, 16,350,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT :—

Antung-Hsien	Liaoyang	Syojun Port
Changchung	Lyons	Arthur
Dairen (Dairy)	Mengtien Makden	Peking
Hankow	Nagasaki	San Francisco
Honolulu	Newchwang	Shanghai
Hongkong	New York	Tiehling
Kobe	Osaka	Tientsin
London		Tokyo

LONDON BANKER :—
The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld., The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH :—
LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.
FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.
CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA.
BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings, Hornby Road Fort, Bombay
Manager.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
MOTILAL MANSIONS, Apollo St., BOMBAY
BRANCHES :
Mumbadevi, Ahmedabad, Karachee, Calcutta and Rangoon.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 1,00,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which dose not amount to Rs. 5 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK. Interest allowed 4 per cent. Rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amount for 12 months are received at 5 per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents, the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI, Managing Director.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

Post Box No. 45.
HEAD OFFICE :—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.

CAPITAL Fcs. 200,000,000, (£8,000,000.)

CAPITAL (fully paid up) ...£ 8,000,000
SURPLUS.....£ 1,360,000

LONDON BANKERS :—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France Bombay, Tunis, Melbourne, Sydney, Cairo, Alexandria Port Said and all principal towns on Madagascar.

Current Accounts opened and fixed deposits received at terms to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credits issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold, Silver, Merchandise to

S. KISSEL, Acting Manager.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

WANTED

BY a first class HAIR DRESSER and with English and German experience, an APPOINTMENT in a first class business.

Apply No. 1196, care of "Bombay Gazette."

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 30th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

AT 2 P.M. (S.T.)

1 square shape E. B. glass-fronted miniature brougham, by Offord, suitable for single horse.
1 handsome strong rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 bay arab, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 grey pony, quiet in harness.

On SUNDAY the 31st Instant at 2 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at "Cuff Parade" Road, No. 7, ground floor, Colaba, near Colaba Railway Station, very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, rich glass and crockery ware, best plated ware, English mahogany furniture, large telescopic dining table, arm and without arm chairs, sideboard and dumb-waiters, drawingroom suit of sofas and chairs, handsome carpets, drawingroom cabinets and cabinet ornaments, table, hall and wall lamps, palm stands, revolving top writing tables, office chair, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, reclining sofas, dressing and washhand tables, chest of drawers and English large size iron fire proof safe on stand, gentlemen's and ladies' English saddles, utensils, &c., &c.

The property of late Mr W. Davidson, Loco-Superintendent, B. B. & C. I. Railway, and others.

The property is on view.

BENNETT & Co.
Bombay, 29th July, 1910.

A SAFE REMEDY FOR ALL SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.

If you suffer from any disease due to the impurities of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, you should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has 8 years reputation, and is to-day more popular than ever the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, July 27.

Consols 2 1-2 per cent.	81 11-16+1-16	
Exchange on London at Paris	Fcs. 25-20+1-2	
Rentes 3 per cent	97 1-4	unchgd
Berlin Cheques on London ...	20-45	unchgd
Bar Silver Spot, ...	24 13-16—1-16	
Do 2 months hence	24 3-8	unchgd
Closing Tone of Silver.—Steady with small buyers.		
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 per cent ...	64+1-16	
Exchange on India 30 d-st. (Bank buying rate)	1-3-27-32	
Discount Bank of England Rate 3 per cent. since 9th June 1910.		
2 1-2 per cent. Indian Stock (Sterling Loan)	95 1-2	unchgd
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st ...	2 1-16	unchgd
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st	3+1-8	
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months	2 3-4	unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months	3 3-8+1-8	
Bar Gold (per oz.)...	77-9	
Interest day to day loans... ...	1 1-8	unchgd
Do. of day market loans ...	1 1-2	unchgd

COUNCIL BILLS.

Rs. 19,70,000 were allotted to Calcutta
" 4,80,000 " to Bombay
" 1,05,000 " to Madras

Total Rs. 34,50,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 3 31-32d. (Min. Rate) Received 14 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 3 31-32d. (Min. Rate) Received 14 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay, 15-97.

Telegraphic Transfers:—
Rs. 3,30,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
" 1,00,000 " to Bombay.
" 1,20,000 " to Madras.

Total Rs. 5,50,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4d. (Min. Rate) received 14 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4d. (Min. Rate) received 14 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay, 16·00.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale Rs. 40,00,000.

EXTRA ALLOTMENTS :—
Bills on Madras Rs. 50,000 at 2-4

MANCHESTER, July 27.

COTTON.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ...	6,000
Do. Day's Sales on Spot and for Exp	1,000
Do. Day's Sales of East Indian ...	250
Do. Day's Imports...	.....
Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot—	Fair demand.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton Futures ...	Firm.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton East Indian...	Quiet.
Tone of Manchester Market...	Quiet but steady.
Mid-Americans	7-55—a
Egyptian F. G. F.	12 1-4unchgd

	J.-A.	A.-S.	S.-O.	O.-N.	N.-D.
Cotton Delivery	7-71	7-49	7-22	7-07	6-98
Mid Uplands	+3	+3	+3	+3	+3
G. O. C.					

	D.-J.	J.-F.	F.-M.	M.-A.
Liverpool	6-55	6-95	6-55	6-95
	+9	+10	+10	+10

AMERICAN MARKETS,
NEW YORK, July 27.

COTTON :—
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports ... 3,000
Do. Last year ... ...
Do. Exports to Great Britain ... ...
Do. Exports to Continent 1,000

Futures at New York ..... Oct. 13·61+30 } Advanced on unfavourable weather report and on bull support and short covering.
Do at New York ..... Dec. 13·49+32

Spot Cotton at New York ... 15·85+35
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 8 5-8 unchgd
Demand Bills ... ... 4 85 3-8—1-8
Silver Commercial Bars ... 53 5-8—1-8
Spot Cotton at New Orleans... 14 3-4 unchgd
Tone of Spot Cotton ... ... Easy.
Futures at New Orleans ... Oct. 13·37+23
Do. at New Orleans ... Dec. 13·29+23

WHEAT.

AUSTRALIAN.

Wheat Choice White Karachi per 492 lbs. C. I. F. 36
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Port—London.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers, etc, Done.
Tone—Quiet.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujerat per 416 lbs 85 per cent ex-ship 42 3-4
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore 416 lbs 85 per cent. ex-ship ... 42
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Weather Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 39 lbs ex-ship... ... ... 39 1-4
Do. Months—July-Aug.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Tone of Rapeseed—Dull.
Linseed—Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 68 1-2
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Tone of Linseed—Easier.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata—62 3-4
Do Month—July-August.
Do Name of Ports—Dunkirk.
Do Buyers or Sellers—Sellers.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber ... 9 3 1-2 Value—Quiet.

SUGAR.

German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags. 14-3 3-4
Months of Shipment.—Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone of Sugar—Steady.

METAL.

Copper Braziers ... ... — 2 66
Yellow Metal ... ... d 5 7-8

BEEF AND MUTTON TALLOW AUCTION.

Finest Australian Beef Tallow ... 37
Do Mutton Tallow ... 38
General tone of Tallow Auction ... Quiet.

BOMBAY, July 28,

MONEY.

The cash balance of the Bank of Bengal has been declared to be Rs. 56 lakhs down.

EXCHANGE.

The market opened steady at 1s. 3 31-32d. for T. T. and demand and 1s. 4 1-8d. for 3 months' sight credits.

We quote :—

Bank's selling—	
T. T. Ready...	...1-3 31-32d.
D. D. Mail	... 1s. 3 31-32d.
T. T. Forward	... 1s. 4d. 15 Sept.
Bank's Buying—	
Private D. D. Ready ...	... 1s. 4 1-32d.
Credits 3 m/s ...	... 1s. 4 1-8d.
" " Forward ...	...1-4-32. 3-16d. Sept
" 6 m/s Ready ...	... 1s. 4 9-32d.
Francs 3 m/s ...	... 169 1-2
Marks 3 m/s " ...	... 125
60 d/s. Hongkong ...	... 131
" Shanghai ...	... 175 1-2
" Japan ...	... 150 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The market closed at Rs. 96-4 to 96-5 ready and Rs 96-1 to Rs. 96-2 for 31st August.

BULLION.

Bar silver in London was 1-16 down for ready at 24 13-16, forwards remained unchanged at 24 5-8, whereas New York also declined by 1-8 at 53 5-8.

Locally the Silver Market remained easier. Forwards opened at Rs. 71 10-0 and declined at the close to Rs. 71-9-0. Very little business is passing.

The gold market remained quiet.

GOLD.

	Rs.	a.	p.
9 touch Fakirchi	23	8	0
22 touch Ohlotu	23	7	0

Narendas Motilal's Chop Swadeshi 96 to 99 touch

National Bank	24	1 0
Chartered Bank	24	2 9
Sovereigns Shield	24	1 3
Do. Dragon	15	5 0
Australian	15	0 0
English Gold	24	1 6
Native Bullion	24	2 0
Indian Specie Bank	24	1 3

SILVER.

117 1-2 Penny	71	15 0
117 Penny Ready	71	13 0
Local per tola	0	11 3

FUTURES.

First Settlement	71	10 0
Second do	72	14 0

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed :—The market was easier and prices declined by 1-16.

Wheat :—Steady. Prices declined by 1-32 to 1-16.

Castoreed, Gingellyseed, Mowraseed, Poppyseed, Groundnuts and Cottonseed.—Steady and unchanged

We quote:—

Description,	Rate,
Linseed, Bold ...	...Rs. 11 12
Linseed, Small ...	... " 11 9
RAPESEED—	
Brown Cawnpore ...	... " 6 6 0
Yellow do. ...	... " 6 15 0
Do. Gujarat ...	... " 7 0 0
Poppyseed ...	... " 10 1-16
Castorseed ...	... " 41
Mowrasseed... ...	... " 7 3-16
Groundnuts ...	... " 44
Cottonseed ...	— " 25 to 27

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Wednesday, 27th July :—

Wheat	23,682 cwts
Linseed	3,101 "
Rapeseed	2,794 "
Gingellyseed	58 "
Poppyseed	2,721 "
Groundnuts..	49 "
Castorseed	2,461 "
Rice	1,167 "
Myrabollams...	1,220 "
Cottonseed	4,021 "
Mowrasseed...	7,155 "
Gram	1,094 "
Joowar	18 "
Maize	..... "

SPINNINGS.

Petits were quoted at Rs. 3,252 1-2 for August and Rs 3,235 September.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,500 X. D.
Bank of India	66 1-2
Eastern Bank	74
Bank of Burma	119
Bank of Baroda	54
Indian Specie Bank	53 1-2

MILLS.

Currimbhoy	1,065
Colaba...	1,135
David	392 1-2
Framji Petits	1,647 1-2
Kohinoor	690
Manockji Petit...	2,850
Nagpore...	1,710
Standard	1,087 1-2
Swadeshi...	1,127 1-2
Leopold	30

MISCELLANEOUS.

Badam Pile & Co	98 X. D.
Bombay Steam Navigation Ord	298 3-4
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate	16

RAILWAY.

Amritsar-Patti...	607 1-2 X. D.
Tapti-Valley	475 C. D.

COTTON.

Yesterday Liverpool was 8 to 10 points up. New York 35 up and futures 30 and 32 points up. Our market at Colaba was steady and demand from the mills and exporters being good prices for ready lots advanced by Re. 1 to Rs. 2.

The Liverpool opener received in the evening showed 4 to 5 points up. The market for futures remained steady and sellers being more prices declined by Re. 1.

Good Broach opened at Rs.300, but sellers seemed rather firm and the market closed at Rs. 299.

We learn of the following purchases:—

300	Jubilee Mills	Parbhani	280-285
300	Japan & Co.....	Broach	303
100	G Madhowji	Shenabad	295
100	G Cotton & Co	Akola.....	288
100	Currimbhai	Bagalkot	280
100	Indo-China	Khandesh	287
100	Saraupur Mills.....	Miraj	312

Bengal Hand Gin. Fine	...	272
" F Good	...	2:0
Bengal Machine Gin. Fine	...	288
" F Good	...	276
Sind Punjab Fine	...	288
" F Good	...	276
Khandesh Fine	...	286
" F Good	...	276
Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine	...	267
" F Good	...	257
Akola Khangaum Fine	...	295
" F Good	...	285
Amraoti Fine	...	285
" F Good	...	285
Veotmal Fine	...	301
" F Good	...	291
Nagpore Fine	...	303
" F Good	...	293
Wardha Hinganghat Fine	...	309
" F Good	...	299
Methia Fine	...	285
" F Good	...	275
Broach Gin Fine	...	318
" F Good	...	308
Sawginned Good	...	312
Coompta Ginned	...	311
Westerns H. G.	...	293
Do M G	...	229

FUTURES.

Broach Good	... 299
Bengal F G	... 231

The following are the receipts of Cotton into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Wednesday, 27th July :—

	Bales.
Khandeish	..... "
Central India...	564 "
Barsi and Nagur	2 "
Berar	..... "
Central Provinces	..... "
Comras...	586 "
Dholera	25 "
Broach...	22 "
Coompta and Dharwar ...	..... "
Westerns	48 "
Bengals (N W. P.)... ...	..... "
Bengal Rajputana	19 "
Sind	..... "
Persian	..... "
Other Sorts	..... "
American	..... "
Total ...	850 Bales.

LIVERPOOL, July 28.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone	Steady.
Estimated Sales	5,000
Total Imports	9,000

Future Delivery Prices :—

July—Aug.	7·75 + 4
Aug.—Sept	7·54 + 5
Sept.—Oct.	7·36 + 4
Oct.—Nov..	7·12 + 5
Nov.—Dec.	7·03 + 5
Dec.—Jan.	7·00 + 5
Jan.—Feb.	7·00 + 5
Feb.—Mar.	7·00 + 5
Mar.—Apl.	Mutilated

FREIGHTS.

Ports.	This Month Seed.	Cotton.	Next Month Seed.	Cotton.
Antwerp ...	12 6	13 6	11 0	11 6
Dunkirk ...	11 6	11 6	11 0	11 6
Havre	12 0	13 6	12 0	13 0
Hull	12 0	12 0	11 0	11 0
Liverpool ...	9 6	9 6	8 6	9 0
Marseilles ...	9 0	9 6	8 6	9 0
Genoa	.....	.....	11 0	11 6
London... ...	.....	.....	11 0	.....
Hamburg ...	11 6	12 0	12 0	13 0
Trieste ...	10 0	11 0	11 0	12 0
Venice ...	10 0	11 0	11 0	12 0
Open Ports ...	Sept	11 6		
Do. ...	Oct.	12 6		
Do ...	Nov.	13 0		
Do ...	Dec.	14 0		
Do ...	Jan.-June	14 0		

This market firm.

COALS.

Jharia, July 27.

Railway freight for Bombay Rs. 11-4 per ton.

	Rs.	as.	ps.
Steam Coal	3	0	0
Steam Rubble	2	8	0
B. B. Rubble	2	4	0
Soft Coke	3	0	0
Hard Coke	7	8	0
Smithy Coal	3	0	0
Dust Coal	2	0	0
Slack Coal	1	14	0

Per ton into wagon at Colliery siding.

Demand continues at the above rates for immediate delivery. Monsoon has burst splendidly and harvesting is in full swing. There is no stock on the mines and if demand originates, wagons can hardly be had and we fear that prices are likely to jump up considerably, since no forward contracts are made.

METALS.

We quote :—

		lbs.	
Copper, Braziers 4×4		21	
		28	
		35	
		42	
		56	Rs. 52 4
		63	
		70	
		77	
		84	
Yellow Metal Sheets		21	" 43 4
		28	to 43 6
		35	
		42	" 43 8
		49	to 43 10
		56	" 43 0
Tin Ingots.		...	" 40 8
Spelter	S M	...	
	M M	...	
	J	...	" 17 12
	G	...	
Georgahutte		...	.....
Copper Ingots	K S	...	" 47 2
Copper Sheetings...	lbs.	Rs. 10. 12, 14	6-8 .....
Yellow Metal Sheetings, lbs.		14, 16 10-12	.....
		10-12 14-16	.....

Rex. b English, c Cramer.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Wednesday, July 27.

GOLD.

No. of Packages.	Bullions, Rs.	Govt. of India Rs.	Coin. Other coin. Rs.
3 Bundles ...	...	450	...
1 Bundle ...	...	...	...
1 Bundle ...	...	...	...

SILVER.

No. of Packages.	Bullions, Rs.	Govt. of India Rs.	Coin. Other coin. Rs.
3 Bundles ...	...	3,550	...
1 Bundle ...	...	2,000	...
1 Bundle ...	...	1,000	...

Importers.	Vessel,	From
M Mackenzie & Co ...	Kasara	Bushreh
M Mackenzie & Co ...	do	Bushire
P Valabhdass ...	do	Muscat

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY by rail on 26th July, 1910.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway ...	28	33,572
B. B. & C. I. Railway ...	62	72,761

COTTON SPINNING IN INDIA.

Statistics of Cotton spinning and weaving in the Indian Mills in April 1910, and in the corresponding month of 1908 and 1909. (Compiled in the Commercial Intelligence Department, India, from accounts rendered by millowners under the terms of the Cotton Duties Act II of 1896) :—

ABSTRACT STATEMENT of the QUANTITY (in pounds) of YARN Spun.

	Month of April. 1908	1909	1910
British India			
Bombay	76011230	82937170	75284508
Madras	6392081	6923694	6681520
Bengal	6867808	5326803	6468899
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh (also Ajmer-Merwara).	6420737	6834620	6142336
Punjab	2673393	2242717	1418490
Central Provinces and Berar...	4774049	5759848	4852941
Total ...	103141469	110058802	100516748
Foreign Territory.			
Native States of Indore, Mysore, Baroda, Sandgaon, Bhavnagar, Hyderabad, Wadhwan, Quilon, a Kishengarh Ujjain and Pondicherry...(b)	4523888	6267264	5187373
Grand Total ..	107665357	116325066	105704021

a Mill closed since October 1909.
(b) Including the production of one mill only from April 1909.

ABSTRACT STATEMENT of the QUANTITY of WOVEN GOODS Produced.

[N.B.—The weight in pounds represents the weight of all woven goods; the measure in yards represents the equivalent of the weight of the grey and coloured piece goods

		Month of April. 1908	1909	1910
British India.				
Bombay	pds.	24442671	27015838	22036883
	yds.	109608797	119472310	14184269
	dozs	67412	65073	88416
Madras	pds.	1238889	1232249	1244962
	yds.	4208836	4280197	3844631
	dozs.	1530	2317	3682
Bengal	pds.	438841	248214	507291
	yds.	1898694	1047091	2188756
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, also Ajmer-Merwara) ...	pds.	1629980	1626185	1351879
	yds.	6317089	6538129	5457443
	dozs.	4458	10105	9476
Punjab	pds.	95784	83241	26729
	yds.	232813	187748	52788
	dozs.	1243	1931	35
Central Provinces and Berar	pds	1301009	1591255	1609447
	yds.	2281497	2626811	6254177
	dozs.	439	1348	863
Total ...	pds.	29143663	31884043	30781297
	yds.	127547720	133893647	159900530
	dozs.	75969	80774	102373
Foreign Territory.				
Native States of Indore Mysore, Baroda, Nandgaon, Bhavnagar, Hyderabad, Wadhwan, and Pondicherry ...(a)	pds.	1359536	2103859	2105378
	yds.	5376826	8565737	8965734
Grand Total ...	pds.	30503199	33987902	32886680
	yds.	132924546	146653084	168866264
	dozs.	75605	80774	102373

(a) Including the productionof one mill only from April, 1909.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D,

Bombay, 29th July.

565. Parade.—Wednesday 3rd Prox.—"G" Coy. Parade on the Maidan at 7 a.m.

566. Lecture.—Tuesday 2nd Prox.—Lecture at the R. G. A. Lecture Room, Colaba, at 12 noon by Captain H. C. Richmond, Gloucester Regiment.
Subject.—Battle of Quebec.
All members are invited to attend.

567. Promotions.—The Commanding Officer is pleased to make the following promotions in "1st" Coy. with effect from this date :—
No. 6816 Cadet K. Judd
No. 6684 Cadet G. Almeyda } To be Lance
No. 6717 Cadet H. Hainsworth } Corporals.
No. 5882 Cadet A. Branche

568. Signalling.—The Signalling Class will parade at 7 a.m. on Thursday at the Cathedral High School commencing Thursday 4th August 1910.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

BY CAPTAIN H.E.E. PROCTER, A. D. C., COMMANDING.

Bombay, 29th July.

The British Infantry Range at Colaba will be available for practice to-morrow, Saturday, afternoon the 30th instant from 4 p.m.

SCHOOL OF ARMS.

The above Class will be held at the Town Hall on Tuesday evening next, the 2nd proximo from 6 p.m
Mr. Francis G. Kennedy having joined is taken on the strength and posted to "A" Troop.

D. W. WILSON, Lieut.,
Actg. Adjt., Bombay Light Horse.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

BROCKBANK.—July 21, at Bangalore, the wife of the Rev. A. Brockbank, Wesleyan Mission, of a son.
LLOYD.—July 21, at Kodaikanal, the wife of Major A. M. Lloyd, I. A. (Ret.), of a daughter.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 14m; Sun sets, 7h. 14m. High water, 4-18m, 4-18a. ; Low water, 9-50m., 10 48a.
English Mail Steamer "Egypt" due at 5 a.m.
Harwood League Football : Glosters vs. B. V. A., Cooperage, 5-45. p. m.
Excelsior Cinematograph. "The Passing Shadow and Foolshead," Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p.m.

Maxim : "Building a bank must pay, for there's money in it."—Chicago Tribune.

THE ENGLISH MAILS.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co's steamer "Caledonia" will leave Bombay harbour at 2-30 p.m. to-morrow.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Ceylon, Singapore, China and Japan, per extra s.s. "Tosa Maru," will be closed at the General Post Office, at 11-30 a. m. to-morrow. Parcel mail for Japan closes at the New G. P. O. at 10-30 a. m. the same day.

LECTURES AT Y. W. C. A.—"What to do in Emergencies, and other Medical Hints," is the title of a short series of lectures to be given by Dr. Bridson Goldsmith at the Y. W. C. A. on the first four Mondays in August at 6 p.m.

THE LOVE LANE TRAGEDY.—George Dale, the young apprentice who was removed to Sir J. J. Hospital, suffering from bullet wounds, alleged to have been inflicted by one George Tait in the chest and left arm, is reported to be progressing favourably.

PILGRIMS VACCINATED.—Under the personal supervision of Mr. S. M. Edwardes, I.C.S., Commissioner of Police, Bombay, another batch of 287 pilgrims was vaccinated at the Modikhana Musafarkhana, yesterday. Dr. Abdul Razak was present and assisted in the work.

BHAVNAGAR NEWS.—Our correspondent wires on 28th instant :—Another banquet was given in Parvadi last night in honour of the title of C.I.E., conferred upon the Diwansahib, when thirty covers were laid. Several Europeans and Parsees with ladies were present. A band was in attendance.—A cricket match was played between Ahmedabad and Bhavnagar resulting in a victory for the latter by eleven wickets and 8 runs.

A NEW PARSEE M.D.—We hear that Dr. Framroz R. Parakh, M.B., L.R.C.P. (London), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.M.R.C.P. (Ir.) has obtained the degree of M.D. of the University of Manchester. Dr. Parakh is well known in Bombay as the joint founder of the new Maternity Hospital. He is a grandson of Mr. Pestonji Jehangir Taleyarkhan, C.I.E., and is the second Parsee after the late Dr. K. N. Bahadoorji to secure the M.D. degree of an English University.

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Major C. Richardson, and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, B. B. & C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Band Sergeant, commencing at 6-15 p.m. (S. T.) this evening :—

March	Precious ... Devery
Overture	Festival ... Leutner
Valse	Phryne ... Zulueta
Selection	The Yeomen of the Guard ... Sullivan
Clarinet Solo	...Les Alanchoniers Etc ...Thiere
Reminiscences of Ireland	...Godfrey
Two-Step	...Yip-I-Addy-I-Ay ...Flynn

CONCERT AT SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE.—An unusually good Concert was given at the above Institute on Wednesday evening, the hall being filled to its utmost capacity by an enthusiastic audience of sailors and their friends. One of the features of the entertainment was a fine exhibition of Jiu-Jitsu by Messrs. Russell and White of H. M. S. "Perseus" while the singing of Mr. F. Sullivan and Miss Schnieder, who kindly gave their services, was highly appreciated. In addition to these the following took part, each receiving unstinted and well deserved applause : Mrs. McClure, Mrs. Sullivan, Miss Skinner, Mr. Vassall-Cox, Mr. McIlwick, Mr. Redmond, Mr. Prager, Messrs. Carter and Peate of the "Caledonia," Mr. Gibbons of the 'Silverdale,' and Mr. Stephenson of the "Hindoo."

NEW HOSPITAL AND MATERNITY HOME.—Dr. Maneck P. Kerrawalla, M. D., F. R. C. S. (Ed.), L. M. R. C. P. (Ireland) and L. M. and S., has severed his connection with the Hospital for Women at Grant-road and has opened his own Hospital and Maternity Home at Khetwadi Main-road. Dr. Kerrawalla studied obstetrics at the Rotunda Hospital, Dublin, and has held the post of Resident Medical Officer in the Women's Hospital at Brighton and the Hospital at Hastings. He was also Clinical Assistant to the Samaritan Free Hospital for Women, London, and several other hospitals. In 1908 Dr. Kerrawalla was elected a Fellow of the Obstetrical Society of London. Since his return to Bombay eighteen months ago, Dr. Kerrawalla has done very good work in his special departments, both outside and in connection with the Hospital for Women at Grant-road; and looking to his record in the past we have every reason to hope for a successful career for his new institution. The Hospital is for cosmopolitan use, a special ward for Europeans and Eurasians being reserved.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Deaths.	Total deaths from all causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade ...	4	2	6
B Mandvi, Chakla, Comerkhadi and Dungri ...	2	1	14
C Market Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada ...	4	0	14
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahalaxmi ...	1	1	13
E Masagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura, Tardeo, Byculla and Jet Nagpada ...	1	1	20
F Parel, Sewree and Sion...	0	0	6
G Mahim and Worli ...	1	0	7
Harbour...	0	0	0
Hospital ...	0	2	10
Total.....	13	7	90
This day last year	20	12	85

THE RAT CAMPAIGN.

July 28th 1910.

Ward.	Alive.	Dead	Found Infected.
A	71	21	2
B	97	48	2
B	138	93	8
C	64	30	3
D	92	39	0
E	161	13	0
E	106	62	2
F	86	1	0
G	59	0	0
Total ...	874	307	17
Total killed to date rats	...	...	1,181

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, July 28.

The depression in the South-West of the Bay is now well marked and has caused heavy rain along the coast, but is not likely to move far during the day. The area of rainfall has extended and now includes practically the whole country east of a line passing from Bombay to Agra and thence to Sialkot. The rainfall has been nearly general in Eastern Bengal and Assam, Bengal, the Eastern half of the United Provinces, Konkan, Mysore, Madras, Deccan, and the Madras Coast, East and local in Lower Burma, the western half of the United Provinces, the Central India, East, the Central Provinces and Hyderabad, while a few falls have also occurred in Upper Burma, the Punjab, the Bombay Deccan.

The principal amounts are:—Diamond Island, one and a half inches ; Cheerapunji, three ; Darjeeling, four ; Dinajpur, Jalpaiguri, Calcutta, Cuttack and Darbhanga, one and a half ; Saugor Island, three ; Purnea, two ; Lucknow and Simla, three ; Mussooree, seven ; Dhera Dun, five ; Cuakrata, two ; Seoni, one ; Mysore and Salem, one and a half ; Negapatam, four ; Madras, five ; Nellore, three ; Vizagapatam, two.

Forecast.—Increase of rainfall in the extreme North.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Espia.	Byculla	nads Fort	Colaba.
	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts	In Cts
Previously registered...	32·30	28·93	29·16	27·86
Thursday, 28th July	0·62	0·42	0·40	0·09
Total	33·92	29·40	29·56	27·95
Same date last year	55·43	50·96	60·18	42·05

MESSRS. KEMP & Co., OUMBALLA HILL July 28.

Station.	Rainfall up to 8 a. m. Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1908.	Corpdg Total 1909.
Oumballa Hill ...	In. cts. 0·80	In. cts. 31·88	In. cts. 40·24	In cts. 53·14

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

The following is the list of total rainfall gauged during the week ending Saturday (8 a.m.), 23rd July 1910 :—

	In. cts.		In. cts.
Bandora ...	29	64	.....
Panjoo...	26	96	36
Vaiturana ...	22	38	26
Palghur ...	23	60	34
Gholwad ...	15	74	6
Daman...	35	80	33
Bulsar ...	35	85	21
Nausari ...	20	33	20
Surat ...	23	33	19
Kim ...	24	76	15
Broach...	29	13	31
Baroda...	30	59	23
Mehmadabad ...	19	67	22
Ahmedabad ...	12	65	15
Viramgam ...	7	4	Virar ... .

Wadhwan 50
Dabhoe 50
Sevalia 17
Godhra 50
Patri 10
Limkhera 80
Dohad 76
Jambughoda 66
Rutlam 75
Nagda 71
Rajpardi 19
Bardoli 14
Nandbar 75
Nardana 0

Appended is Thursday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observation taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire (27th July) ...	100·6	80·1	...	...
Jask ...	91·8	83·8	...	...
Muskat (27th July) ...	90·8	82·1	...	...
Multan...	102·8	85·0	...	0·71
Rawalpindi ...	84·9	69·9	0·23	10·51
Lahore ...	100·4	82·2	...	6·73
Sirsa...	101·3	74·6	...	3·60
Ambala ...

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Wednesday, 27th July, should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

H M S Redbreast .....Comdr Shuter.....H M S
H M S Perseus .....Comdr Beaty Powell.....R I M S
R I M S Lapwing...Lt Comdr MacLean...Royal Navy
R I M S Hardinge.....Comdr Farewell.....R I M
R I M S Northbrook...Comdr J Marsack.....R I M S
R I M S Dufferin.....Comdr A J Marsack.....R I M
R I M S Investigator...Comdr W Y Beauchamp..... Survey Steer
R I M S Palinurus...Comdr Tayl r.....R I M S

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—July 23.

Ariel .....2228 Race.....W & A Graham & Co
Badric .....1613 Jones .....
Clematis.....2369 Robinson ...Andrew Zuel & Co
Cowno .....3155 Falla .....W&A Graham & Co
Dwarka .....759 Mozon.....M M & Co
Glenchening.....3067 Craig .....W & A Graham & Co
Hild.....719 Salveson.....F F Campbell & Co
Islami .....1604 Green.....B & P S N & Co
Kansler.....1865 Ulrich .....A Strandis & Co
Majed .....2522 Hall .....B & A M Jeewanji
Nowshera .....1961 Rea.....M M & Co
Nadir.....2041 Atkin.....T Morrison and Co
Orissa .....3525 Kedslie.....M M & Co
Perlak .....1084 Roos.....
Rahmania .....1872 Coats .....B & P S N & Co
Shah Jehan .....3566 Born .....B & H S N & Co
Salf.....502 Willoughley..B & H S N & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—July 28.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Cap'.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
A Delta	4780	Snow	Shanghai	17 8...	P & O S N & Co
B Hindoo	3156	Groves	Hull	1 8...	James Finlay & Co
C&R City of Manchester	3563	Findlay	Karachi	30 7...	K Nizon & Co
D&E Culna	3693	Forguherson	Antwerp	4-8...	M M & Co
M Arcadia	3514	Barcham	Shal	3-2	P S N C
N Springburn	3173	Crosthwaite	Barrow-in-Furness	1 8...	W&A Graham & Co
P Silverdale	2440	McLeod	Hull	7-8...	W & A Graham & Co
Q Nonsuch	2414	Weston	Hull	7-8...	W & A Graham & Co
Offside Q.					
Wardha	2552	Archdeacon	Moulmein	29 7...	M M & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Tosa Maru	3160	Nomura	Kobe	30 7...	N Y Kaisha
2 Scindia	3253	Kelso	Liverpool	29-7...	W & A Graham & Co
3 Kalibia	3149	Stewart	Dankirk	4-8...	W & A Graham & Co
5 Afghanistan	2849	Bilult	Havre	9 8...	M M & Co
7 Muttra	2985	Seddon	Calcutta	29 7...	M M & Co
9 Caledonia	3529	Hayward	London	30 7...	P & O S N & Co
15 Trieste	3203	Witsche	Trieste	1 8...	A L S N Co
16 Nuddea	1944	Logan	Basreh	1 8...	M M & Co
M W D D					
Mohammadi	1251	Geddis	Persian Gulf	6 8...	B & P S N & Co
H W P D					
Sarisvati	443	Ahmed	Marmagoa	30 7...	Bo S N Co Ld
Netravati	699	Cassam	Karachi	29 7...	Bo S N Co Ld
Mahomadi	547	Ahmed	N F	N F...	Bo S N Co Ld
H W V D					
Lhasa	950	Mc Diarmed	Karachi	29 7...	M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

July	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
28	Kanzler	Ulrich	Durban, July 11
	Hild	Salveson	Bangkok, July 5
	Badric	Jones	Aden, July 4
	Perlak	Roos	Rangoon, July 15

DEPARTURES.

July	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
28	E F Ferdinand	Cabol	Trieste
	Kasara	Elton	Persian Gulf
	Umballa	Bait	Rangoon

The following vessels began to load on Thursday :—
Steamer Wardha, Archdeacon, Moulmein
" Muttra, Seddon, Calcutta

The following vessels began to load on Thursday :—
Steamer Hild for Bangkok.
" Rehmani for Jeddah.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

July	Vessel	From
18	Clan Chattan	Coast
18	Kilkeman	Bunbury
26	Nalrung	Bombay
22	Gwalior	Nagapatam
26	Golconda	Calcutta

DAILY EXPORTS.—JULY 28.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Scindia s—625 cwt myrabolams. E Company.

FOR LONDON.

Caledonia s—1-2 cwt ivory, M Haridas ; 2,000 cwt cottonseed, T Memray ; 21 1-2 cwt cubels, S Bhimji.

FOR BARCELONA.

Scindia s—100 bales cotton, Bamji and Co.

FOR MANCHESTER.

Scindia s—2 bales twist, D Sassoon and Co.

FOR PORT SAID.

Kalibia s—11,410 cwt cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR NEW YORK.

Hindoo s—110 bales cotton waste, S M Kirtikar and Co.

FOR HULL.

Silvercale s—3,321 cwt castorseed, T Memraz; 2,500 cwt castorseed, Ralli Bros.

Nonesich s—1,000 cwt castorseed, E D Sassoon and Co ; 400 cwt dillseed, Baur and Krause.

Hindoo s—2,025 cwt myrabolams, E Oomersey, 1060 cwt cottonseed, B S Lloyd and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Afghanistan s—4,300 cwts rapeseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Culna s—1,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Kalibi s—1,000 cwts groundnuts, J D Sassoon and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Trieste s—3 bales carpets, S J Tellary and Co ; 10 cwts animal guts, Ad Meyers ; 26 cwts olibenum, P Jaithaising ; 520 cwts myrabolams, W Bethar.

FOR VENICE.

Trieste s—200 bales cottou, Volkart Bros ; 200 bales cotton, James Finlay and Co ; 1,000 cwts castorseed, C Boggiano and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Arcadia s—4 cwts ivory, K N Miance and Co ; 500 bales twist, D Sassoon and Co ; 60 bales twist, C Ebrahim and Co ; 150 cwts gum coarse, A H Mawji and Co.

Tosa Maru s—114 bales twist, M M Esabhoy ; 25 bales twist, C Bhawanidas ; 100 cwts dry fish, Besho and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Arcadia s—500 bales twist, D Sassoon and Co ; 500 bales twist, C Ebrahim and Co ; 240 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Maru s—269 bales cotton, Ralli Bros

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Tosa Maru s—450 bales cotton, The Japan Cotton, Trading and Co.

FOR MOJI.

Tosa Maru s—212 bales cotton, M B Kaisha and Co.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for Dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere.

D. H. DAVISON, D. D. S.,
AMERICAN DENTAL SURGEON.
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NEMESIS AGUE SPECIFIC,

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"ZAM-ZAM."

A wonder of the Age. The Family Remedy. Instantaneous cure for Cholera, Colic, Cramp, Dyspepsia, Griping.

☞ See the Trade-mark of a Wading Bird. Per bottle—Ans. 8 and Ans. 14.

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BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake, 150 deg	6 8 2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg	6 8 2	" "
Chester, 125 deg	5 0 2	" "
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg	4 12 2	" "
Monkey, 125 deg	4 8 2	" "
Elephant, 125 deg	4 3 0	per two tins.
125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

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IT IS WORTH KNOWING FOR TRAVELLERS.

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TOMCE.—The one minute cure for all sorts of Toothache, Gumboils, Swollen Gums, etc.

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By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.
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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*. All communications of a literary characters should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

Friday, 29th July, 1910.

NEW EXPERIMENT IN LIBERIA.

IF the United States had been able to establish Liberia on business-like principles when the experiment was first made, she would have solved her colour problem once and for all. We are pleased to see that the States has now offered to take charge of her finances, military organisation, agriculture and boundary questions, for they have been too much for her, the westernised or improved negro having found himself utterly unequal to the task of administration. No doubt Britain, France and Germany will approve the arrangement of which Reuter tells us, for the first two countries have voluntarily assisted the Negro Republic on many occasions, Britain especially incurring considerable expense in the maintenance of a gunboat for the protection of Liberia for her troublesome neighbours, and acting generally as a kind of godfather to the Republic, though this was clearly the duty of the United States. Germany has nothing to do with it at all, though the loan ist o be raised by a German-American firm. As the Liberian Minister in London states there is no question of American protectorate as understood in diplomacy, but there will be what we have come to know in this country as a benevolent despotism, for by no other means can the affairs of Liberia be put in order and properly administered. The United States will require a Minister to superintend the operations of the departments she has undertaken responsibilities for, otherwise it is useless to hope that the country may be placed on a stable basis and Mr. President Barclay will find his occupation gone. The experiment, which has now been recognised as a failure, began ninety years ago, when a number of American philanthrophists, known as the American Colonisation Society, acquired the territory between the French colony of the Ivory Coast on the east and Sierra Leone on the west and between the French possessions in the interior and the sea. This they peopled with freed slaves and gave them a constitution similar to their own—expecting they would be able to run it as easily and as smoothly as the Americans did theirs. But the Negro intellect had not kept pace with the physique of the off-spring of generally carefully selected parents and Liberia has furnished a striking illustration of the inability African negro to manage his own affairs and to govern a country with an area of forty-three thousand square miles.

Britain, as a near neighbour, from the first evinced a kindly interest in the Republic, and no complaint could possibly be made as to the friendly relations of France and the United States. Boundary disputes have been more serious with their aboriginal neighbours than with either Britain or France, and the Franco-Liberian frontier question was finally disposed of three years ago. So the remarks of the Liberian Minister as to "ending frontier friction with England and France" were somewhat beside the mark. The wonder is that intervention did not take the place of benevolent assistance. Reuter says "attention has been excited by the action of the United States," but that must merely be among people who take interest in little outside their own four walls. The British Government lent officials to reorganise the customs and police, she has also lent money for public purposes, but two years ago the United States Government approached the British Government enquiring how they could best co-operate for the better administration of the country. Sir Edward Grey urged the necessity of introducing reforms in the Liberian judiciary and added: "It appears to his Majesty's Government that the main risk to the people of Liberia arises from the inefficiency of Liberian administration of their own affairs, especially in matters of finance and any suggestion which the United States might see fit to give them to follow the advice of such foreigners as they have themselves engaged to help in their administration would have a beneficial effect." Almost immediately afterwards—in April last year—the United States Government sent out a Commission of three members to investigate the condition of the Republic and its report was duly published.

The United States is wholly and solely responsible both for the establishment of the Republic and the condition in which it is now found. It should have provided administrators and have taught the people to govern themselves. Its offer of reparation is but tardy and neither Britain nor France can raise any legitimate objection to the proposed arrangement. There are great possibilities in Liberia and there is no reason why it should not flourish if efficiently administered. Hitherto the development of the country has been hampered in consequence of its "all black" policy, which prohibited any but Liberian subjects holding land. Until last year, too, foreigners were prohibited from trading into the interior or anywhere else but at the official ports of entry. All that, we take it, will now be changed. Indeed, four years ago, a British syndicate, the Liberian Development Chartered Company, advanced a hundred thousand pounds to the Government which at once founded a bank, constructed roads and other public works and established a military police force. A debt of a hundred thousand pounds is secured by the export duty on rubber and one-half of the duties on tobacco and gunpowder. A further six per cent. Customs' loan of a similar amount is secured as to principal and interest by a first charge, subject to the service of the above debt, on the whole of the Customs' revenue of the Republic, the collection being supervised by two British inspectors recommended by His Majesty's Government. At the time the States approached the British Government, the outstanding indebtedness was £189,097, though the total revenue was but seventy thousand pounds. Doubtless the financial stress will be at once relieved for, ogably administered and developed, the resources of the country will repay any further advances and four hundred thousand pounds—more than Liberia ever dreamt of before—should not only place her in a condition of solvency, but turn the magnificent forests, and mineral wealth to best advantage, besides increasing her output of palm oil, rubber, coffee, ivory and indigenous cotton, none of which have yet been properly exploited.

A NEW USE FOR COTTON SEED.

COTTON-SEED oil cake has long been recognised as a valuable food for cattle, but it has only recently been suggested that the seed of the cotton-plant can be suitably prepared for human consumption. The announcement, however, now comes from America that such is the case, and though it should perhaps be accepted with some reserve until further information is forthcoming, it is one, which in a country where such large quantities of cotton-seed are produced annually, must be viewed with the deepest interest. We find a description of the process in the "Cotton-seed Oil Magazine," which also publishes a report by Dr. G. S. Fraps, State Chemist of Texas, who has investigated a number of samples of bread, cake and biscuits made from a specially prepared cotton-seed flour. This is made from cotton-seed meal and is then submitted to a special treatment in order to remove the hulls. The process has been developed by an American firm, who manufacture cotton-seed crushing machinery. They forwarded samples to the Texas Agricultural and Mechanical College, and that body evidently brought them to the notice of Dr. Fraps. He describes the cotton-seed flour as being of a bright yellow colour with a pleasant odour and a sweetish taste, and in chemical composition having some resemblance to meat. It is found, so we are told, to contain twice as much protein or muscle producing material, as meat, four times as much as eggs and four times as much as wheat flour. This, in view of the prevailing high prices of meat, is regarded as a very important point, and Dr. Fraps lays emphasis on the fact that the flour it must be regarded as a substitute for meat and not for wheat flour. He says that there is no question of its wholesomeness, but at the same time it is very rich, and it would be easy to eat too much. While the quantity to be used and the manner in which it is employed will be best determined by experience, he considers at present that the best way in which it can be prepared for food is as a mixture with other flour. Not less than four parts of wheat or other flour should be used to one part of cotton-seed flour. The new food will also be valuable, in that it contains no starch, and will, therefore, be useful in the treatment of sick patients to whom starchy foods are harmful. We shall be glad to hear Dr. Fraps' further views after the experiments, which he foreshadows, for the matter is one which may obviously become of considerable importance to India, where such a large proportion of the population subsist on a vegetarian diet.

EDUCATING THE POOR.

THE Society for the Promotion of Education among the Masses performs a good work in Bombay by providing the children of poor labourers, free of cost, with some kind of general education and a certain amount of manual training. It has just issued its annual report and we are pleased to see from this that its work is extending, and during the year it was necessary to make provision for an increasing number of scholars. The Society carries on its work by means of four schools with two libraries and reading-rooms attached. The principal of these is the Dadabhai Nowrojee Poor Boys' Seminary at Tardeo, and here 138 new boys were admitted and there was an average daily attendance of 90. More class-room accommodation was found to be absolutely necessary and the Committee accordingly sanctioned an expenditure of Rs. 1,500 for the extension and improvement of the shed where the boys do their work. At the Chinchpoogly School, which is the largest, 442 new boys were admitted and the average attendance was 159 in the day school and 46 in the night school. The Colaba night school admitted 61 new boys and had an average attendance of 20 and altogether at various times in the year 1,020 boys received instruction from the Society. The Society reports that its financial position has improved somewhat since 1908, but it is still urgently in need of assistance. More and better paid teachers are required for the Chinchpoogly School which is getting very crowded, and additional free schools are called for in parts of the town, which are yet unprovided for.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER AND CANADA.

THE veteran Sir Wilfrid Laurier appears to have made a stirring speech at Winnipeg on Wednesday, of which loyalty to the British Crown was the key-note. Sir Wilfrid, shortly before the death of the late King, pronounced him to be the greatest Englishman and the ablest and most successful of the world's statesmen. King George he declares to be a true son of his sire, and we may believe that the Canadians who heard him heartily endorsed the sentiment, for only the other day one of their leaders wrote: "What Queen Victoria did by the spectacle of her moral grandeur and what King Edward did by his wise diplomacy and personal magnetism, King George the Fifth will accomplish by means of his profound knowledge of the over-sea Dominions and the ways and thoughts of the younger nations." There is a small minority of Canadians which thinks that Canada must some day become completely independent, but nine in ten of the advocates of this solution of Canada's problem of the future declare that even then she would retain her monarchical institutions. "We look to absolute independence," said one of them, "but we wish the change to come by slow degrees on the *solvitur ambulando* principle. And we should remain a monarchical country, asking England for a prince to be the first King of Canada, and thereby showing our intention to remain on the friendliest terms with the Old Country." This being so, there is ample justification for Sir William Laurier's declaration that the establishment of a Canadian Navy will not lead to separation.

COTTON GROWING IN INDIA.

LORD MORLEY might have returned a more satisfactory reply to the deputation of the International Cotton Federation this week, if one of his minions in the India Office had read, and been able to hand him, a copy of the Agricultural Journal of India, or one of the many bulletins issued by the Agricultural Department. From its pages he would have been able to show the deputation that the Department is doing its utmost to increase the production of cotton in this country and to improve it in quality. Nevertheless the Department does not attempt to develop the cotton industry at the expense of wheat or other crops, for they too receive the most careful attention. However, the deputation did not ask for that. True, as the Secretary of State said, there are difficulties. The Indian agriculturist is conservative. But the Department is surely, if slowly, making an impression on him and persuading him that he may improve his crops and methods and, with them, his income. Perseverence will do all the Department wishes and will produce the results desired by the Federation. But it will be a work of time.

IT is probable that after their return from India to London, Lord and Lady Minto will take a run up to Scotland, and afterwards sail for Canada on a visit to the Earl and Countess Grey.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Salsette," with the homeward Mails of the 23rd instant, arrived at Aden at 9-30 a.m. yesterday.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Mooltan," with the outward Mails of the 29nd instant, passed Suez at 2 a.m. yesterday.

A PROCLAMATION has been issued quartering punitive police in the village of Choramba, in the district of Monghyr. The Proclamation will remain in force for a period of one year from August 1st.

DURING the week ended July 26th, five chests of opium were removed from the Warehouse at Bombay, three for the farmer at Godhra and two for the farmer at Cambay During the same week six chests were imported from Indore.

THE Secretary of State has sanctioned the construction by the Assam-Bengal Railway of a line from Bhairat Bazar to Tangi on the Dacca-Mymensingh Railway as a useful link with the jute districts, which beneficially affect the interests of Chittagong.

IT is rumoured that Somerset will have to retire from the ranks of the first-class cricket Counties at the end of this season, on account of the difficulty in making both ends meet, and certain other Counties are, it is said, struggling hard against adverse balances.

IN the current "Bombay Government Gazette" an appendix to the code of regulations for European schools, is published giving courses of study in primary, middle and high school standards which have been approved provisionally.

THE Commissioners of the Port of Calcutta are authorised to raise a debenture loan of thirty lakhs of rupees, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding 4 per cent. per annum, and repayable in thirty years. Tenders will be received up to 1 p. m. on August 15th.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending July 26th was 802, giving a death-rate of 42·64 per annum per thousand as against 30 75 the corresponding period of last year, and 34·94 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 78 died from fevers; 56, plague; 2, small-pox; 3, measles; 3, cholera; 2, leprosy; 55, phthisis; 51, diseases of the nervous system; 194, affections of the respiratory organs; 80, diarrhœa; 31, dysentery; 33, still-born; 101, old-age and debility; 8, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 23; Brahmin, 21; Lingaet, 1; Bhattia, 11; Hindu of other caste, 388; Hindu low caste, 77; Musalman, 176; Parsee, 40; Jew, 1; Native Christian, 43; Eurasian, 8; European, 10; Negro-African, 3; The total number of births was 402 as against 385 the corresponding period of last year and 354 the average over the past five years.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JULY 8.

KING GEORGE IN THE PARK.

QUITE unexpectedly King George has made another informal appearance before his people. Looking remarkably fit and well, he enjoyed nearly three-quarters of an hour on horseback in Rotten Row yesterday morning, freely acknowledging the homage of his subjects, who appeared delighted to see him in their midst once more. He was in deep black, wearing an ordinary jacket suit, bowler hat, and leggings like the other equestrians in the Row. In some way the news of his intention to ride in the park must have leaked out, because there were very many more than the customary number of riders in the Row yesterday. There has been a great revival of this exercise this season, and, with King George setting the fashion, it is likely to become more popular with leaders of Society and the public generally than it has been for many a long year. The Royal horseman enjoyed one sharp canter, but for the most part he walked his horse leisurely, chatting to Sir William Carrington and Lord Fitz-Maurice, who accompanied him, and rode on either side. A pretty incident, which showed how strongly marked is the paternal instinct in our new King, occurred as he left Hyde Park. A nursemaid with two pretty children stopped and bowed respectfully as the King passed, and when he saw her little charges he smiled down at them and brought his hand playfully to the salute.

PRINCE OLAF.

The Crown Prince Olaf of Norway is just seven years old. He is idolised by his parents and his collection of toys is believed to be the most magnificent in the world, some of his presents having cost hundreds of pounds apiece. The toy, however, that he values above all the others is a model railway that was given to him as a Christmas present by the late King Edward. One of the most beautiful models ever made, it is worth £250, and is an exact replica of a complete English railway system.

ROYAL WEDDING.

The King's present to his cousin, Colonel Count Gleichen, who is being married to the Hon. Sylvia Edwardes at the Chapel Royal, St. James's to-day, is an antique writing bureau, while the bride has received from the King and Queen a blue enamel and pearl brooch bearing the letter "G" and the Prince of Wales's Feathers in diamonds Count Gleichen is a son of the late Admiral Prince Victor of Hohenlohe-Langenburg, and he has had a distinguished career in the Grenadier Guards. He served in the Soudan with the Dongola Expedition, and in the South African war, where he was severely wounded, being mentioned in dispatches and winning his D.S.O., and he accompanied the special mission to King Menelik of Abyssinia thirteen years ago. The Hon. Sylvia Edwardes was a Maid of Honour in the Courts of Queen Victoria and Queen Alexandra, and the Queen-Mother's presents to the bride are a diamond and pearl tiara, and a brooch bearing the initials "E" in sapphires and "A" in diamonds, the whole surmounted by a small diamond crown; and an Indian shawl. She is a daughter of the late Hon. Henry Edwardes, of the Diplomatic Service, who was First Secretary to the British Embassy at Rome when he died, and of the Hon. Mrs. Henry Edwardes, and is a first cousin of Lord Kensington. The bride will be attended by two grown-up bridesmaids—Lady Phyllis Windsor Clive, only daughter of the Earl and Countess of Plymouth, and the Hon. Hilda Legh, second daughter of Lord and Lady Newton. There will also be six couples of little girls and boys in attendance. The Archbishop of Canterbury will officiate, assisted by the Rev. Lord Victor Seymour, cousin of the bridegroom, and the Rev. Canon Sheppard, D. D., M. V. O., Sub-Dean of the Chapels Royal. Among other Royal gifts received by Miss Edwardes are two diamond and ruby rings from the Queen of Spain, an amethyst and diamond pendant from Princes Victoria, a set of tea knives with crystal handles from the Duchess of Albany, a moonstone and diamond drop pendant from Princess Henry of Battenberg, a lace fan from Princess Christian, a set of gold and enamel salt cellars from Prince and Princess Louis of Battenberg, and a silver egg-boiler from the Duke of Argyll. The bridegroom has received from the Duke and Duchess of Connaught a silver coffee tray, from Princess Victoria, a pair of sapphire sleeve-links, from Princess Henry of Battenberg, a tall silver standard lamp, and from his mother Princess Victor of Hohenlohe-Langenburg, a silver claret jug, six pairs of candlesticks, and other silver plate.

HENLEY.

Henley cannot be called Royal Henley this year, and if yesterday's gloomy start be anything to go by it is likely to be bereft of its brilliance to a larger extent. Probably the nondescript sort of weather in a great measure accounted for the small number of people on the lawns, the balconies, and the river banks, but it was a depressing sight to those who knew Henley as it usually appeared during the regatta week. The water, which according to precedent should have been hidden completely by the pleasure boats, was only dotted here and there by little parties in punts and skiffs. All told there were only 24 house-boats and launches on the famous course. Sun bonnets are a feature of the river this year. They are worn in all the delicate tints which match dainty summer frocks, and nothing looks prettier or more comfortable.

A NEW AMUSEMENT.

Flying seems to attract women more than motoring did, when it first became popular. Although the sport is still in its infancy, there is already one airwoman competing at flying meetings. Madame Frank, the wife of a well-known English airmanship writer, is one of the most promising of airwomen, and being of English nationality by marriage intends to compete for the Royal British Aero Club's license, hoping to be the first woman to obtain the English flying certificate. She is likely to be seen in English aerodrome this summer. There is also Miss Spenser Kavanagh, a pupil of Bleriot who, report says, may try and fly the Irish Channel.

MARRIAGE.

The Queen of Roumania (Carmen Sylvia) has written some very true things on the subject of marriage. "There would have been no woman's question if married life had been differently handled. The men wanted to have servants, the women heroes; and the men did not become heroes and the women could no longer bear the pressure under which men tried to hold them."

SUFFERING WOMANHOOD.

In Cincinnati yesterday Mrs. Gussie Drewitz, a millionairess, secured a divorce, and forthwith announced to the Press that she would devote her life and fortune to help all women, irrespective of country or race, who may be struggling to free themselves from their matrimonial woes. "I shall do all I can to secure a law to protect women," she said. "I shall also write in the interests of women. The English Suffragists have my warmest sympathy. They are the banner-bearers of oppressed and suffering womanhood." Mrs. Drewitz was granted a decree on the grounds of extreme cruelty. Judge Warner dwelt upon Mr. Drewitz's efforts to ruin his wife's character, and held that there was no shadow of evidence to prove any such charge.

SOCIETY WEDDING.

The Hon. Robert Bruce, 11th Hussars, second son of the Earl of Elgin was married in all Saints' Church, Ennismore-gardens, to Mary, daughter of Brigadier-General the Hon. John Edward Lindley and Mrs. Lindley of Curragh Camp co, Kildare, and grand daughter of Lord and Lady Lindley. The Rev H. H. Stewart, uncle of the bridegroom, officiated, assisted by the Rev W. E. Addis. The bride who was given away by her father, wore a gown of white satin, draped with lace, and her veil covered a spray of orange blossom. Six bridesmaid were in attendance, two of them, Miss Anne Ogilvy and Miss Anne Nichols wearing frocks of white ninon, and the others were Lady Veronica and Lady Rachel Bruce (sisters of the bridegroom), Miss Beatrice Gull, and Miss Margaret Bond-Lord Bruce, elder brother of the bridegroom, was best man.

TWELFTH DAY OF RAIN.

Rain fell for the twelfth successive day in London yesterday, and unless there is an early change the summer, with gave such fine promise, will not have the best of records. All week-end the weather conditions have been miserable, and the showers and squalls which swept the Metropolis have been accompanied by an unusual—for July—drop in the temperature. Many people have doned their winter clothing again, and great coats and heavy boots have come out.

IRELAND.

The torrential rains of the last few weeks have played havoc with the crops in Ireland. Potato blight has made its appearance in several districts in the West, and is causing considerable anxiety. Records taken at the Botanic Gardens, Dublin, show that the rainfall in June exceeded all previous records for the past fifty years.

CRICKET.

The Oxford and Cambridge Universities cricket match at Lord's gathered large crowds of notable people during the past two days. Crowds are not quite so sombre as they were, mourning is gradually disappearing. Lord Londesborough is president of the M. C. C. this year, and he and the Countess have been entertaining friends for the match.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Mr. W. R. G. Smith to be Assistant Superintendent of Police, Sholapur.

Mr. H. G. Lang to be Assistant Superintendent of Police, Ahmednagar.

Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Barrister-at-Law, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 29th August or subsequent date.

Mr. N. J. Wadia, I. C. S., Assistant Collector in the district of Poona, is appointed a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

The notification appointing Lieutenant C. T. Shaw, 122nd Rajputana Infantry, to officiate as Cantonment Magistrate at Ahmedabad, in addition to his military duties, vice Major G. N. L. Labertouche proceeding on leave, is cancelled.

Captain H. J. R. Twigg, I. M. S., Superintendent, Yeravda Central Prison, was granted study leave from the 1st October to the 31st March.

The Honourable Mr. G. S. Curtis, I. C. S., did duty from 19th to 26th May as Settlement Commissioner and Director of Land Records, Inspector-General of Registration and Registrar-General of Births, Deaths, Marriages, in addition to his own duties as Acting Commissioner, C. D.

Mr. Jamshedji Bejanji Vachha to hold charge of the office of Assistant Collector, Bombay, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Mr. P. B. Haigh, I. C. S.

Miss M. E. Chubb, Lady Superintendent, Mahalaxmi Training College for Women, Ahmedabad, is granted privilege leave on full pay for one month with effect from 1st October.

Miss H. E. Payne to act as Lady Superintendent, Mahalaxmi Training College for women, Ahmedabad, during the absence on leave of Miss M. E. Chubb.

Mr. P. B. Haigh, I. C. S., is to act as Under Secretary to Government, Revenue and Financial Departments, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. R. D. Bell, I. C. S.,

Mr. A. F. L. Brayne, I. C. S., to be Compiler of the General Administration Report for 1909-10.

Mr. F. Wright is granted furlough for three months in combination with privilege leave.

Mr. A. H. Whyte is granted, under Articles 260, 233 and 316 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for one month and fifteen days with special leave on urgent private affairs for a combined period of six months, with effect from the 30th July or subsequent date.

THE UNIVERSITY GARDEN.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Whilst the Press is raising its voice against the decision of the Senate to build an Examination Hall on the site now used as a garden, it remains to be seen whether, if this is realised, it will not eventually culminate in removing what instead of being a public resort, is nothing more than a rendezvous for undesirables. A walk through the garden during the business hours of the day will convince any one, even the optimist, that many irregularities are permitted to go unchecked by those responsible for the proper control of the garden. The forms, which decent people use as seats, are monopolised by a pack of loafers, idlers, unemployed servants "et-hoc genus omne" to sleep on, displaying to public view the filthy rags on their persons and infesting the forms with the vermin they carry with them. The same may be said of the lawns, except that in addition of them they are used for spreading wet cloths out to dry. A truly nice state this for a picturesque spot in the Fort! I should, Sir, be the last to defend the Senate's proposal to remove for ever this beautiful, natural aspect of the City, but if there is much concern displayed by public opinion to secure its retention, there ought also to be some spirit shown to remedy the evil existant in what they would prize most,—otherwise far better if that were wrested. The grievance, therefore, is solely that a natural and graceful aspect is about to disappear and nothing more, for no great part of the public are to be seen here, the more so when the few benches that are provided are taken up by objectionable persons. In the early mornings and evenings, however, some "chokras" and ayahs are so be seen there perambulating or otherwise exercising their charges. It is for the little ones that some sympathy might be shown, but these again are few. Thus if the Garden infested with loafers, it is decided, should go, the alternative would be a structure harmonising with the magnificent structure in the neighbourhood in point of architecture and, therefore, a riddance of the nuisances complained of, which, in the circumstances is sufficient compensation for the loss to the public of the former. It is to be hoped, however, that the Senate will not succeed in gaining their object to erect a Hall on the particular site and that if the Garden is to be conserved, its control will be regulated in the manner befitting an important "locale." I would add, to avoid misunderstanding, that no one has a right to question the use of the Garden to any person with certain restrictions imposed.—Yours, etc.

INDIAN COTTON CROP.

DEPUTATION TO LORD MORLEY.

Federation Urges the Need for Increase.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 28.

A deputation of the International Cotton Federation, headed by the Deputy Speaker, Mr. Emmott, urged on Lord Morley the desirability of assisting to the utmost an increase of cotton-growing in India, and an improvement of the quality of the crop.

Lord Morley sympathised with the deputation, and promised to lay the facts before the Agricultural Department in India. He hoped they would be able to do something, but there were considerable difficulties.

"Government departments," he said, "cannot do as much as some expect." In the first place, he continued, "it was undesirable for the Government of India to develop the cotton industry at the expense of other agriculture, as for instance wheat, and then the Indian agriculturist was most conservative and it was impossible to coerce him." In conclusion, Lord Morley pointed out the immense increase in cotton-growing in India in the last decade.

LIBERIAN LOAN.

Arranged by the United States.

LONDON, JULY 27.

Attention has been excited by the action of the United States in offering Liberia to take entire charge of her finances, military organisation, agriculture and boundary questions.

It is understood that, with the approval of Great Britain, France, and Germany, President Taft has asked the New York bankers, Messrs. Kuhn and Loeb, to advance a Liberia loan, probably of £400,000, French and German banks participating.

The Liberian Minister in London, interviewed by Reuter, said there was no question of an American protectorate. The object was simply to place the country on a stable basis, and end the frontier friction with England and France.

CANADIAN LOYALTY.

Speech by Sir W. Laurier.

LONDON, JULY 28.

Sir W. Laurier, speaking at Winnipeg yesterday, said: "We have the King and Queen to be proud of, and the constitution is the best that ever existed. King George is a true son of his sire, and we are going to build the Empire on the rock of local autonomy." He urged all creeds and nationalities to accept their responsibilities in the defence of the Empire, adding, "the Canadian navy will not lead separation."

REPUBLICAN PARTY.

Stands by President Taft.

LONDON, JULY 27.

Telegrams from Columbus, Ohio, report that the Republican State Convention, after the defeat of the Insurgents has adopted a platform, which is expected to serve as a model for other State platforms, warmly endorsing President Taft's legislation as unequalled in history, and extolling the Tariff Law.

THE TURKISH NAVY.

Reported Purchase of German Cruisers.

LONDON, JULY 28.

Constantinople correspondents report that it is stated that the purchase has been arranged of two German cruisers of 12,000 tons for half a million sterling each.

CEYLON RUBBER ESTATES.

Huge Capital.

LONDON, JULY 27.

The prospectus is issued of the Grand Central Ceylon Rubber Estates with a capital of a million and a half sterling.

GREECE AND TURKEY.

Ill-Feeling Increasing.

LONDON, JULY 29.

Ill feeling between Greece and Turkey arising from the boycott and other causes has been increased by the publication in the journal "Tanin," of the interview with Naby Bey, Turkish Minister at Athens, reflecting on King the and Crown Prince.

THE REGENCY BILL.

LONDON, JULY 28.

The House of Lords has passed second reading of the Regency Bill.

WINGFIELD SCULLS.

LONDON, JULY 28.

In the Wingfield Sculls, Kinnear of the Kensington Club, defeated Bourne of Oxford, by eight lengths.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, JULY 28.

The death is announced of Sir H. Tichborne upon the claimant sought to dispossess.

THE ACCESSION OATH.

Another Formula Suggested.

GENERAL APPROVAL EXCEPT BY EXTREMISTS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 27.

In the Debate on the second reading of the Declaration Bill, Mr. Asquith suggested a new formula as follows:—

"I do solemnly and sincerely, in the presence of God, testify and declare, that I am a faithful Protestant, and will according to the true intent of the enactments which secure Protestant succession to the Throne, uphold the said enactments to the best of my power."

Mr. Asquith said he thought the above might meet the various criticisms of the original formula, but he would be guided by the tone of the debate.

Mr. Agar-Robartes, Liberal, moved and Mr. Mitchell-Thompson, Unionist, seconded the rejection of the Bill.

Mr. Balfour approved Mr. Asquith's new formula.

LONDON, JULY 28.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Agar-Robartes' motion was rejected by 410 votes to 84, and the second reading of the Bill was carried.

The general tone of the debate indicated that the new form has conciliated everybody, except the Extremists, who threaten to move amendments and prolong the Committee stage.

It is understood that the House of Lords will accept the Bill without amendment.

GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTER.

LONDON, JULY 27.

Herr von Kiderlenvaechter, the new German Foreign Minister, has arrived at Marienbad from Roumania. He had a long conference with Baron von Aehrenthal with whom he lunched.

BULGARIA AND TURKEY.

Disarmament in Macedonia.

LONDON, JULY 28.

The Bulgarian press is dissatisfied with the Porte's reply regarding the methods of disarmament of Bulgarians in Macedonia. It vigorously attacks Turkey. One paper even regrets that Bulgaria has not taken advantage of the circumstances to declare war.

LORD KITCHENER.

LONDON, JULY 28.

Lord Kitchener is visiting General Smith-Dorrien at Aldershot. He spends his whole time in the saddle in mufti watching the operations of troops.

COTTON BILLS OF LADING.

Measures against Fraud.

LONDON, JULY 28.

Five New York banking delegates are coming to London early in August in connection with the cotton bills of lading frauds.

CAMDEN TOWN MURDER.

Fugitives on the "Montrose."

LONDON, JULY 28.

The "Montrose" has telegraphed by wireless to a passing steamer that all was well on board. No mention was made of the fugitives. The Canadian police authorities are active.

WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE BILL.

Shelved for a Time.

LONDON, JULY 28.

Mr. Asquith announced the Government could not grant further facilities for Woman's Suffrage Bill this session.

GERMAN ADVISORY BOARD OF TRADE.

LONDON, JULY 24.

The *Times* correspondent in Berlin states that Herr Lindequist has invited the delegates from the important Chambers of Commerce to form a Colonial Advisory Trade Committee. He urged the regulation of colonial wool and cotton production. This is regarded as interesting and significant first step on part of Herr Dernburg's successor.

THE GOODWOOD CUP.

Result and Betting.

LONDON, JULY 28.

The race for the Goodwood Cup was run this afternoon with the following results:—

Magic	1
Bayardo	2
Bud	3

Three ran. Magic made the running from Bud until quarter of a mile from home when Bayardo joined Magic. The latter won by a neck.

The betting at the start was:—
20 to 1 against Magic.
20 to 1 on Bayardo.
66 to 1 against Bud.

COUNTY CRICKET.

LONDON, JULY 27.

Essex has beaten Kent at Leyton, by 180 runs.

Lancashire has beaten Sussex at Liverpool, by ten wickets.

The match between Notts and Gloucester was drawn.

LONDON, JULY 28.

Rugby has beaten Marlborough by an innings and seven runs.

THE NAVAL REVIEW AT TORBAY.

Watched by Royalty.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 28.

The King and the Duke of Connaught, on board the "Dreadnought," watched the exercises of the Home, Atlantic and Mediterranean fleets outside Torbay. Fog brought the exercise prematurely to an end. Mr. Graham Whites, during the morning, made two brilliant flights circling the fleets at an altitude of 1,500 feet. It was pointed out that not a gun could be elavated to touch Graham White. He circled round the flagship and His Majesty expressed great admiration for the exploits which caused numerous suggestions for coast defence by aircraft.

SHOOTING CASES.

A Bengalee Injured.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 28.

A strange case of shooting is reported from Hooghly. Jacob and Gomes are two Railway guards attached to the Bandel station on the East Indian Railway. On Saturday night when Gomes was away, Jacob entered Gomes' house. On his return Mrs. Gomes reported the matter. When the two guards next met there was a scuffle and it was alleged Jacob took out a revolver and fired at Gomes. The shot struck a Bengalee passerby, badly injuring his right hip. The man was removed to hospital and Jacob to hajut. Yesterday Jacob was released on bail.

CALCUTTA, JULY 28.

An accident of rather a serious nature occurred in the Calcutta Boys School in Corporation Street, this afternoon, in which Colour Sergt. Instructor R. Pomirey was seriously injured. It is reported that carbine shooting practice was going on in a miniature rifle rangle. Sergt. Pomirey had fired five shots and had gone up to the range to count the number of hits he had made; prior to this, it is said, the boys had laid their arms on the ground. While Sergeant Pomirey was counting number of hits he had made a lad named Wilfred Faria, said to be a relations of Inspector Faria of the Calcutta Police, lifted up his rifle and aimed up the range for practice, thinking the rifle he held was unloaded. The boy pulled trigger and bullet went off striking colour Sergeant on the right hip, the bullet coming out in the front. Immediately the accident occurred the boy dropped his rifle to ground and began crying. The principal of the School was informed and he with other teachers proceeded to scene and had the injured man removed to the Medical College Hospital where he is detained under treatment. The boy Faria was arrested by Inspector Shevlin of Taltollah Police station to whom it is stated that the whole affair was a pure accident. Inspector Shevlin is enquiring into the matter. Faria has since been released on his personal recognizances by the Deputy Commissioner of Police.

THE "YUNGANTAR" LEAFLETS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 26.

One Mahendra Chatterjee, alleged to be printed of Yungantar leaflet, was placed before Mr. Swinhoe, Chief Presidency Magistrate, today, for printing the leaflet and exciting feelings of disaffection towards Government. The hearing was fixed for August 2nd accused being remanded to jail. The case against the alleged publisher was proceeded with and after several witnesses were examined adjourned to 29th.

DACOITY AT SHAHPUR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 28.

Report of dacoity at Shahpur, one and a half mile from Belvedere, last night, reached the Alipore police to-day. A gang of twenty five armed upcountry men maltreated the inmates and decamped with valuables with several thousand rupees.

THE INDIAN BANK, LTD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 28.

An interim dividend of 5 1/2 per cent. for the half-year ending 30th June has been declared by the Indian Bank, Ltd., with a view to set aside a larger sum for the augmentation of the reserve. Out of the total profit for the half-year of Rs. 49,930-11-4, the declared dividend will absorb Rs. 27,500, leaving Rs. 22,430-11-4 to be carried forward.

EDWARD ALL-INDIA MEMORIAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 28.

Sir Louis Dane during his visit at Delhi visited several sites for the All-India Memorial to King Edward.

KHULNA DISTRICT BOARD RAILWAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 28.

The Khulna District Board has decided to open a light railway from Alaipur to Bagerhat with steamer connection between Khulna and Alaipur.

PUNJAB CHIEF COURT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 28.

Mr. Justice Ryves will relinquish charge of his office as acting Judge of the Chief Court in the second week in August.

THE PUNJAB COUNCIL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 28.

A meeting of the Punjab Legislative Council will be held at Simla on 22nd August. The following Bills will be introduced:—A Bill to make better provision for the Administration of Municipalities in the Punjab and a Bill to amend Section 57 of the Punjab Law Act.

CALCUTTA MACROPOLO CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 28.

The Chief Magistrate to-day discharged S. Hatzpolo, formerly Manager of D. Macropolo and Co., who was charged with criminal breach of trust as a servant. The Court held the prosecution an afterthought and no offence had been committed.

OPIUM ARRANGEMENTS WITH CHINA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 28.

In Mr. Montagu's speech of last night, he referred to an offer which had been made by His Majesty's Government to China to continue the present opium arrangements for another period of three years. The exact meaning of this may not be generally understood. When the arrangement with China was first made, an undertaking was given that the export of Indian opium to China would be reduced by one-tenth part every year, starting in 1908. It was, however, laid down that after three years the position would be reviewed, in order to see whether China had moved along with us in the suppression of its opium production and consumption. If China was not found to have advanced "pari passu," the further reduction of Indian exports would be reconsidered. At the Shanghai Commission, China had to admit officially that she could give no statistical proof of the reduction of cultivation within her territory. It was accordingly suggested that an enquiry should be made in the different opium producing provinces by a British Official with a view to ascertain the quantity of cultivation which now exists, and to laying down the base for comparison in the future. This enquiry has now been set on foot in charge of Sir Alexander Hosie. Meanwhile, His Majesty's Government have offered China a continuation for another three years of the reduction in our exports, on the understanding that at the expiry of this second period, the position will be reviewed in the light of the statistics that will have been obtained by them. The first three years' period expires in 1910. The second period, if accepted by China, will thus expire in 1913. If the reduction in exports is continuous, our Indian Trade with China will come to an end in 1917.

STRIKE OF JUTE MILL-HANDS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 28.

A strike is reported at the Hastings Jute Mill at Rishra, Serampore. This is the fifth strike in the course of about a year or two, the last being reported about 6 months ago. It had always been a custom that the weavers of the mill had to work up till 7 p.m. daily, and to prepare by that time about 15 hessian cloths. Every additional cloth meant a remuneration of one rupee to each weaver in addition to his ordinary wages. It is stated that of late they have been ordered to work till 8 p.m., and to prepare 16 hessian cloths, and if any additional yarn could be prepared a remuneration of one rupee was awarded. This, the weavers refused to accept, though the Manager was said to have given a written notice to the effect. They, therefore, to the number of about 700, struck on Monday. The weavers showed no sign of yielding to the Manager's request and the mill was entirely closed on Tuesday. They have not assumed any hostile attitude. The strike continued to-day and all work was suspended.

BENGAL INCOME-TAX PROFIT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 28.

During last year the profit to the Bengal Government under income-tax, showed a decrease of Rs. 54,000. The depression in coal and jute was responsible for this decline of revenue. In the stamp revenue, there was an increase of Rs. 11,715, due to the improved agricultural conditions of last year leading to increased litigation.

UNITED PROVINCES EXHIBITION MEDAL.

Bombay Artist's Design.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 28.

Mr. Dhurandar, a Bombay artist, has been awarded the special prize of Rs. 100 for the best design of a medal for the United Provinces Exhibition. The obverse of the medal depicts female figures personifying the Ganges and the Jumna, meeting at a sacred bathing pool. The Ganges is represented as presenting a silver bowl to the Exhibition in the form of an Indian child. The reverse of the medal shows an Indian lotus mingled with the English rose.

SERIOUS RIOT IN DURBHANGA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 28.

There has been a serious Hindu-Mussalman riot in Durbhanga, and as the result of police enquiry 23 Hindus are being tried before the Sessions Judge on charges of looting and burning Mahomedan houses.

ILL-FEELING BETWEEN BENCH AND BAR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 28.

For sometime past the feeling between the bench and bar at Jessore is said to have been otherwise than cordial. Early last week a Sessions case was adjourned for two days, as the Judge refused to hear the pleader for the Crown, who was appearing for the public prosecutor. The "Englishman" understands, that Mr. Monahan, Judge of Patna, will proceed immediately to Jessore to relieve Mr. Palit.

FLOODS AT MANIPUR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 28.

Owing to heavy rains in Assam, the River Imphal has overflowed its banks and Manipur is threatened. Within two days the water rose to 22 feet and is still rising. The Raja's Palace and Infantry lines are in danger of being submerged. Water has already penetrated the lowlying area of the town. The well known Hanuman temple is under water.

THE IMPERIAL COUNCIL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 28.

Messrs. Gokhale and Basu have given notice of a number of questions for the next meeting of the Legislative Council on the 5th proximo. Mr. Malavya will ask a question relating to details of working and application of the seditious Meetings Act since its enactment.

ADULTERATED milk being responsible for the high rate of infant mortality in Calcutta, the question of the supply of unadulterated milk has been considered by the Calcutta Corporation, and a committee has been appointed to enquire into the question of dairy farms and milk supply in town.

THE HINDUPUR INCIDENT.

Trial of a Soldier for Culpable Murder.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, JULY 28.

The special reporter of the "Hyderabad Bulletin," sent to Hindupur to report the trial of Private Tubby, wires to-day as follows:—

Before Mr. R. Morris, I. C. S., District Magistrate, Anantpur, who held his court here to-day at 2 p. m., Pte. Tubby of a squadron of the 13th Hussars, Secunderabad, was charged with culpable homicide not amounting to murder under Section 304 and for committing a rash and negligent act under Section 304 of the same Code, whereby he caused the death of a pointsman named Kondapar at the Hindupur Railway Station and that of a butcher from Bangalore, also wounding Abdul Kadak, a Bangalore merchant in the back of the neck on the morning of the 6th May between 2-30 and 2-40 a. m. by discharging his rifle loaded with ball ammunition.

Mr. Subramania Iyer, Inspector, M. S. M. Railway Police, and Inspector Khrisna Rao, District Police, conducted the prosecution on behalf of the Crown. Mr. W. B. Lawrence, Barrister-at-Law, was for the defence.

It appears that the reason for keeping the accused so long awaiting trial was due to the Madras High Court having been moved to allow the trial to take place at Bangalore. The application was refused as the District Magistrate of Anantapur was held competent to try the case.

A SAWKAR HACKED TO DEATH.

Mahomedan Arrested.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JULY 28.

The "Punjabee" reports the murder of Uttam Chand, a wealthy sawkar or banker of Chakwal, Jhelum District, under peculiar circumstances, on the 9th instant. Uttam Chand was somehow induced on pretext of urgent business to go to Mushal, a village four miles from Chakwal. On arrival at the destination he was cordially received and given a charpoy to sit under a tree. While he was drinking water a Mohamedan dealt a stroke with an axe on his shoulder from behind. The Mohamedan then made a rush for the Hindu villager who was standing by, but the latter made good his escape. The Mohamedan, returning from the unsuccessful pursuit, hacked the prostrate Uttam Chand and despatched him. The murderer was arrested by the police and is being tried by the Sub-Divisional officer of Chakwal.

TRAVANCORE BUDGET ESTIMATES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 28.

H. H. the Maharajah of Travancore is just now at Cape Comorin on a visit, and Mr. R. C. C. Carr, the British Resident, goes to Courtallam to spend the season there. The budget estimates for the Travancore state for the year, 1910-11, shows a total estimated revenue of Rs. 1,21,39,400 against Rs. 1,17,04,100 last year. The former sum with an opening balance of Rs. 70,06,361 brings the revenue up to Rs. 1,91,45,761, and against this is an estimated expenditure of Rs. 1,20,10,900, leaving a closing balance of Rs. 71,34,881. On the revenue side, the general public service heads provide Rs. 1.18,71,000, the financial service Rs. 1,71,900, and the commercial industrial service Rs. 96,000, the corresponding expenditure under the same heads being Rs. 1,12,05,900, Rs. 18,000, and Rs. 7,37,000 respectively. It is understood that under the new rules now under consideration, the Sessions of popular Assembly will, in future, be held somewhere about March, when the budget will have been prepared and the administration reports will have been printed, with the accounts finally audited. The number of Members is to be much less than the present strength of 100. Members will be consulted in the preparation of the budget, and in the administration of public funds.

MADRAS INSURANCE CASE.

Handwriting Expert Called.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 28.

Mr. C. Hardless, the handwriting Expert, has arrived from Calcutta and attended the Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court to-day and examined certain documents in connection with the case against C. J. Spalding, late Manager, Commercial Union Assurance Company. He will give evidence to-morrow, if necessary, when the case will be resumed.

MR. MONTAGU'S BUDGET SPEECH.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 28.

The *Pioneer* comments with reference to Mr. Clark in Mr. Montagu's Budget speech:—"Time was, when the prestige of a Member of the Council stood high enough for him to be regarded as a part, sometimes not an unimportant part, of the Government of India. Lord Morley has changed all that. The Government of India is rapidly becoming merely a machine for recording the Secretary of State's decrees, even in matters of the veriest detail, and a member in his Lordship's opinion is nothing more than a magnified sheristadar."

KABUL MINT SCANDALS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 28.

Investigations are proceeding at Kabul into the mint scandals. A number of men connected with the mint are on their trial. Four of them have already confessed and been punished, two it is stated being deprived of their eyes, the others receiving life sentences.

SANITATION IMPROVEMENT AT CHITTAGONG.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 28.

The "Pioneer" refers to Eastern Bengal and Assam's increased attention to sanitation, instances of which are the improvement of the Chittagong water supply and the keeping of the town free from jungle. The English Bazar drainage scheme is completed. The programme is a heavy one. The District and Local Boards spent Rs. 2,82,000 for water supply in the rural areas.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY.

The Previous Examination.

A MEETING of the Senate of the Bombay University was held yesterday, in the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall of the University, Bombay, the Hon'ble Sir Narayen Chandavarkar, Vice-Chancellor, presiding, when the question of the Previous Examination was reconsidered.

The Hon'ble Mr. Chimanlal H Setalvad moved to the effect that the Hon'ble Mr. W. H. Sharp's proposition about the appointment of a Committee be taken up first for consideration and before other items were taken.

The Hon'ble Mr. Sharp's proposition referred to in the Hon'ble Mr. Setalvad's motion was as follows:—That the following questions be submitted to a Committee (to be named at the Meeting), who are requested to report within a month: (a) Is it desirable that the first year's course should be uniform for all students, and if so, what should be the nature of the course? (b) Is it desirable that the Intermediate Examinations in Arts and Science should be based on the whole of the two years' work following Matriculation, or not?

Dr. A. G. Viegas seconded.

Mr. Setalvad's motion being put to the vote was lost.

THE HON'BLE MR. SHARP'S PROPOSAL.

The Hon'ble Mr. W. H. Sharp then moved the following proposition:—"That students who intend to proceed to an Arts degree shall be allowed to proceed from the first to the second year of the College course without any University examination, if the Principal of the College is satisfied that the work appointed for the first year after Matriculation has been satisfactorily carried out."

The Hon'ble Mr. Sharp, moving the proposition, said the question of the Previous Examination had been discussed at great length in February last. On that occasion the Hon'ble Sir Pherozeshah Mehta had moved that this examination be retained. The various amendments moved had been rejected and so had been Sir Pherozeshah's original motion; and the result had thus been indecisive. It was because the result was so indecisive that (the speaker) had brought this question again before the Senate. On the former occasion it had been said that the Previous Examination was a qualifying test for certain technical examinations, and that therefore it should be retained. On the present occasion, therefore, he asked the Senate to allow this examination to remain as an entrance examination for the Medical and Engineering courses. He did not propose its abolition. His proposal only made it unnecessary for a certain number of students who did not like to appear in it. There was nothing to prevent an Arts student from appearing in it. It had been argued that an Arts student who thought he would not be able to satisfy his Principal would say he wanted to go for the Medical or Engineering degree and after passing the Previous Examination on this pretext would turn round and say he wanted to go up for higher studies in Arts. But those who argued this way forgot that the student had got to get permission from his Principal beforehand.

Mr. D. G. Padhye seconded the proposition.

Professor P. A. Wadia moved an amendment to add after the words "carried out" the following words to Mr. Sharp's motion: "provided that the Intermediate Examination to be held at the end of the second year shall be based on the work done during the second year only."

Prof. Wadia said that there would be no lessening of the burden on the students by passing Mr. Sharp's motion, for there would still be three examinations; and it did not matter whether one of these was to be conducted by college professors or by the University. There would be no lessening of the burden there. But his amendment would lessen the burden by requiring the students to pass the Intermediate Examination which would be based on the work done during the first year only.

Mr. J. D. Bharda seconded the amendment.

The Hon'ble Mr. G. K. Gokhale said that if Mr. Sharp had given a correct interpretation of the motion, then the amendment which had been moved to it appeared to be its natural corollary. The Hon'ble Mr. Sharp had said he did not propose the abolition of the Previous Examination. Then, if this examination was to be retained for the Medical and Engineering students and was to be open also to Arts students, the students who appeared in the Intermediate Examination would be examined as to the course of the second year only as they would already have been examined as to first year's course, in the Previous Examination.

Mr. Mirza Ali Mahomed Khan was against the amendment. His reasons for doing so were that the Arts students being examined by the University at the end of the second year of the College course and not at the end of the first year, would have more time for reflection and studies.

Dr. Surveyor said the original motion penalised Medical students.

Mr. Rustom K. R. Cama asked the Senate not to pass Mr. Wadia's amendment. He was in favour of the Hon'ble Mr. Sharp's motion, by passing which they would leave it to the Committee, of which the appointment would be proposed later on by Mr. Sharp, to decide whether it should be a one year or two years' course.

The Hon'ble Mr. Sharp said words had been put into his mouth, which he had not used. What he had said was that the Previous Examination would still be there and even Arts students could appear in it if they chose. He had proposed to retain the examination for those students who terminated their college career after the first year after the Matriculation examination. There were some students who liked to be called P. E students or even failed P. E. students. As to Mr. Wadia's amendment he could not accept it, as he (the speaker) would propose later on that this question of detail be referred to a Committee.

Mr. Wadia's amendment being put to the vote was lost.

Mr. Mirza Ali Mahomed Khan moved the following amendment to Mr. Sharp's motion:—In line 2 delete the words "allowed to proceed from the first to" and substitute therefor the words "examined by the University at the end of" and after the word 'course' in line 3 omit all the words of the motion and substitute therefor the words "and not at the end of the first year."

The motion, as proposed to be amended by Mr. Mirza, read as follows:—"That students when intend to proceed to an Arts degree shall be examined by the University at the end of the second year of the College course and not at the end of the first year."

Mr. H. Bhabha seconded the amendment.

The amendment being put to the vote was lost.

Mr. K. R. Godbole withdrew the following amendment, which stood in his name:—

"The existing Previous Examination of this University be abolished and that candidates who intend to study for the M.B., B.S. degrees, B.Ag. degree and B.E. (Civil), B.E. (Mechanical) and B. E. (Electrical) degrees be allowed to commence their Medical, Agricultural and Engineering studies upon producing certificates from Principals of Arts Colleges of having satisfactorily studied for two terms after Matriculation in a recognised Arts College of this University, the curriculum of studies of those terms being the same as the present "Previous Examination" curriculum or other curriculum approved by the University; (ii) that the candidates for the "First Examination for the degrees of M. B., B. S," "First Examination in Agriculture" and "First Examination in Engineering" be required to pass an examination in "English Composition" in addition to the other subjects prescribed for those examinations. Those candidates who have passed the Intermediate Examination in Arts or the Intermediate Examination in Science will not be required to pass in the subject "English Composition"; (iii) that the Syndicate be requested to make the necessary amendments in the existing regulations to suit the above alterations.'

Mr. H. N. Apte moved the following amendment:—

"The first year's course in an Arts College shall be the course for the Intermediate Examination and the Previous Examination shall continue to be a University Examination, the course of studies prescribed for it being transferred to the High Schools, it thus becoming the highest examination in High Schools; it shall serve as an entrance Examination to all Colleges affiliated to the Bombay University."

The amendment fell through for want of a seconder.

The Hon'ble Mr. Sharp's original proposition was then put to the vote and carried by a large majority.

THE SCIENCE DEGREE.

The Hon'ble Mr. Sharp then moved the following proposition:—That students who intend to proceed to a Science degree shall be allowed to proceed from the first to the second year of the College course without any University examination, if the Principal of the College is satisfied that the work appointed for the first year after Matriculation has been satisfactorily carried out.

Mr. N. A. F. Moos seconded the motion.

Prof. Wadia withdrew the following amendment, which stood in his name:—

Add after the words "carried out" the following words: "provided that the Intermediate Examination to be held at the end of the second year shall be based on the work done during the second year only."

Mr. Sharp's motion was carried.

THE AGRICULTURAL DEGREE.

Dr. Harold Mann moved the following proposition:—That students who intend to proceed to an Agricultural degree shall be allowed to proceed to the first year of the Agricultural College course without any University examination, if the Principal of the Arts College is satisfied that the work appointed for the first year after Matriculation has been satisfactorily carried out.

Rao Bahadur Nadkarni seconded the motion, which was carried.

The Hon'ble Mr. Sharp moved that the following questions be submitted to a Committee consisting of the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale, the Hon'ble Mr. Setalvad, Principal Covernton, the Rev. Dr. Scott, Dr. Harold Mann, Dr. Powell, Mr. Mirza, the Registrar, and the proposer:—"(a) Is it desirable that the first year's course should be uniform for all students, and if so, what should be the nature of the course? (b) Is it desirable that the Intermediate Examinations in Arts and Science should be based on the whole of the two years' work following Matriculation, or not?

The Hon'ble Mr. Setalvad, Mr. Mirza, and Dr. Viegas withdrew the amendments, which stood in their name.

The Hon'ble Mr. Sharp's motion who then put to the vote and carried.

CHAT ABOUT BOOKS.

BESS OF HARDWICK AND HER CIRCLE, by Maud Stepney Rawson—(Hutchinson).—This great n g lishwoman was married four times, and was the mother of many children. She was the first notable mistress of Chatsworth, the historic home of the Dukes of Devonshire. It was her fourth husband, the Earl of Shrewsbury, who was one of the jailers of Mary Queen of Scots. By this means both she and her husband were brought under the jealous eye of Queen Elizabeth. Mrs. Rawson has vividly described the many narrow escapes Bess of Hardwick had of falling under the Queen's wrath and escaping the Tower. She would have been a remarkable woman in any age and one cannot help admiring her extraordinary vitality and energy.

A VAGABOND JOURNEY AROUND THE WORLD, by Henry A. Franck.—(Fisher Unwin)—A really good entertaining story of Mr. Franck's plucky journey, his sole companion—a Kodak Camera. He was a graduate of Michigan University and started without money or protection of any sort. Naturally the story teems with adventures and as the author has a capital way of relating his adventures, and moreover a great sense of humour, it is a book which will interest most readers.

THE OTHER SIDE, by Horace Annesley Vachell—(Nelson).—Mr. Vachell has taken quite a new departure in his present work, which deals with life beyond the grave and the power of a soul to visit this earth after it has passed from the body. The main incident in the book is a motor accident to the hero David Archadale and Mr. Jermor, in which David is seriously injured and Mr. Jermor killed. During this period when David is just on the border land between life and death, his soul wanders about among his friends and he sees people as they really are. He also visits his daughter who had been living with a friend since the death of her mother and resolves to get back to his body, and remain with his daughter until she is older and able to guide her life aright. So he is nursed back to health. This sort of books, though very much sought after in the present day, when people revel in the occult, is most difficult to make convincing. There are several of Mr. Vachell's book we like better.

TWO MEN AND GWENDA, by Mabel Barnes—(Grundy Mills and Boon).—This book is a series of letters written by Gwenda to her grandaunt, whom she calls Granty. The letters commence with the honey-moon which is spent in Brittany, and very soon trouble and disappointment creep into the letters, for Gwenda has married a handsome wealthy man of the world, but, alas! thoroughly unprincipled. She has been brought up by her aunt in a secluded village on the West Coast, and is high-spirited but entirely ignorant of the ways of the world. At the end of six months her happiness is ruined and she is left stranded in a woman's hospital, neglected and deserted by her pleasure-loving husband. Now appears the other man a distinguished physician, who is hopelessly in love with her. In her final letters Gwenda is happier and having suffered so much the more keenly appreciates happiness. The author has produced a really good story. The scenery and society are well portrayed.

DIANA OF DREAMS, by G. B. Burgin (Hutchinson).—Is a sequel to "The Slaves of Allah" which should certainly be read first. They are capital stories, full of exciting incidents and picturesque scenes of Eastern life. Constantinople with all its magnificent colouring, is the background for part of the story, where intrigue and mystery are part of the very life. Diana, the heroine, returns to Constantinople when she is a widow, and narrowly escapes falling into a trap, laid for her by Izzadin Pasha, who is infatuated with her.

THE TWISTED FOOT, by Henry Milner Rideout—(Constable).—Is a capital tale of romance and adventure in tropical seas. A young American meets in strange circumstances a solitary Englishman, who is living alone at one end of an island, at the other side of which is a pearl fishery station. The night after these two meet the Englishman is killed. His guest rushing in at his cry for help, gets a glimpse of a huge black shape, not like anything he had ever seen, gliding swiftly away. Before he could pursue it, it had gone. In front of the Englishman, who is dead at his desk, is the photograph, of a beautiful young girl, and a packet addressed "Miss Mary——." He had been cut down before having time to complete the address. The American, fascinated by the beauty of the photograph, resolves to seek out "Miss Mary," who, he supposes, was the "fiancee" of the dead man, and give her the packet. After many extraordinary adventures he finds the English girl, who turns out to be the sister and not the "fiancee" of the dead man. Without giving the story away we may add that "a pearl of great price" was the cause of all the trouble.

THE RAJAH'S PEOPLE, by I. A. E. Wylie—(Mills and Boon).—Is an entirely successful story, without in any way dealing with the problems of the day. This Rajah, strange to say, is the son of English parents, which is perfectly correct in fiction. The rajah who does not know that he is English has yet a great respect for the men who rule his country. He thinks that they must be all heroes, and when he comes to man's estate after a secluded boyhood, he longs to meet them and know them. When he does meet them they do not look or behave like heroes, and he is disappointed. And only two of them a man and a girl, seem in the least friendly. These two use him for their own purposes. They get him to form a company and open up a diamond mine, telling him that it will bring prosperity to his people. The enterprise fails, and brings disgrace upon him and ruin to his subjects. Then he sees that he has been used as a tool by unscrupulous people, and the blow is all the more bitter because he has believed in the goodness of the girl who has in part been the author of his undoing. He seeks revenge and only relents when he learns that he is attacking his own kith and kin. There are dramatic possibilities in the story, which Mr. Wylie has turned to good account.

THE HAJ.

THE Bombay Government yesterday issued the following:—

The following information received from the Government of India is published for the information of intending pilgrims to the Hedjaz:—The P of Jeddah has decided that pilgrims w future, be allowed to sleep in the str that all pilgrims should be in pos tickets. The Consul at Jeddah r of lodging is four annas per nig nights and two annas for subse

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

THE TURF SUITS.

Smith vs. G. K.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Robertson heard jointly the two suits : Tricumdass Gordhandass vs. J. C. Smith and J. C. Smith vs Gordhandass Khatau.

Mr. W. L. Weldon and Mr. W. C. J. Shortt, instructed by Messrs. Crawford Brown and Company ; appeared for J. C. Smith ; the Hon'ble Mr. M. R. Jardine and the Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Setalvad, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Company, were for Tricumdass and Gordhandass.

In this matter Tricumdass filed a summary suit to recover Rs. 5,243 with interest and for an order of sale of four horses and to be allowed to retain the net sale proceeds in part satisfaction of the decree herein.

Tricumdass stated that by a promissory note passed in February last, that defendant promised to pay the sum of Rs. 6,000 to the plaintiff with 6 per cent. interest. By way of security, the defendant handed to the plaintiff four horses "Boomey," "Mordialloo," "Duke of Lancaster" and "Lancasterite." He had received in all Rs. 1,500 as stake money won by "Lancasterite" in March last, for which he was ready to give credit. At present Rs. 5,243 were due and he, therefore, prayed as above stated.

The defendant Smith obtained leave to fight this suit and in his affidavit he stated that the plaintiff was the son of Gordhandass Khatau, who owned a large racing stable and by whom he was engaged to come to India from Australia last year to take charge of his racing stud, as his private trainer. The promissory note was signed by him in respect of a transaction entered into between himself and Gordhandass Khatau under certain circumstances, and although the plaintiff's name was used by Gordhandass, he had nothing to do with the plaintiff in this matter. Part of the agreement, under which he accepted the engagement was that he should be at liberty to bring with him to India such of his own horses and he did in pursuance of that agreement have some of his horses brought from Australia at his own expense. His personal travelling expenses had to be and were defrayed by Gordhandass. He arrived on 4th August last and the same night he took over the charge of Gordhandass' stable at Poona. Later on he signed an agreement which Gordhandass produced to him and which purported to contain the terms of his engagement with him. Gordhandass' horses, whilst under his charge, were successful in winning stakes at Poona, Calcutta and in Bombay to an aggregate amount of upwards of Rs. 50,000 and he was entitled under the agreement to ten per cent. on the amount of all such winnings. After deducting all he got, there was now a balance of Rs. 8,846 due by Gordhandass to him. In February last he was in need of money and as the accounts were to be made up, he signed a promissory note of Rs. 6,000 and it was arranged that he should take Rs. 3,000 only at once and that the balance should be placed to his credit so that he could draw it as he might need it. Accordingly he received Rs. 3,000 from Gordhandass' manager after he had signed the note in favour of Tricumdass. It was also arranged that Gordhandass should have a claim on his horses for the amount advanced, but the horses remained in his charge. The amount remaining due from him to Tricumdass herein was Rs. 1,850 only.

In the suit filed by Smith against Gordhandass he relied on the above facts.

Gordhandass, in his written statement, said that it was untrue that Rs. 8,846 were due by him to Smith. He denied Smith's allegations and said that as Smith applied to him for a loan of Rs. 6,000 he asked his son Tricumdass to lend to Smith that amount on the security of the four horses belonging to Smith and he arranged with Smith that the latter should be paid in cash Rs. 3,000 only and that the defendant should retain Rs. 3,000 against Smith's betting account on which Smith was indebted to the defendant in the sum of Rs. 4,450. After denying other allegations he asked for the taking of accounts and counter-claimed whatever sum might be found due to him.

Evidence is being recorded.

REFERENCE FROM THE MEWAS.

Murderer Sentenced to Death.

On the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton disposed of the reference made by Mr. A. Montgomerie, Collector of West Khandesh, and Agent for Government in the Mewas Estates, for orders of the High Court in the case in which Kunvya Rajya was charged with murder, recording his opinion that the accused was guilty and should be sentenced to death.

Mr. P. B. Samant appeared for the accused, while the Government Pleader was for the Crown.

It appeared that on the 24th March last, the deceased Dulya Monia was returning from a fair at Kathi with his uncle Gavya. While they were sitting by the roadside, the accused suddenly came upon them from behind, Govya heard a noise and turning round saw the accused cutting at Dulya with a sword. The accused struck Dulya repeatedly till the latter fell dead.

The accused had pleaded guilty before Mr. Montgomerie. The assessors were of opinion that the accused could not have been in his right mind when he committed the murder.

Mr. Montgomerie was of opinion that the accused was guilty.

After hearing the arguments, their Lordships convicted the accused and sentenced him to death.

PARSI PANCHAYET FUNDS.

Scheme Sanctioned.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dinshaw Davar, delivered judgment on the revised scheme framed by Mr. Limji Bansji, Special Commissioner, for the election of the Trustees of the Parsi Panchayet Funds.

His Lordship, in delivering judgment, said that the 106th clause did not comply with his directions. It should be eleminated and the following substituted in its place :—The Trustees shall ordinarily and as far as practicable hold atleast two meetings every month for the purpose of transacting the business connected with the administration of the funds and the immovable properties of the Parsi Panchayet. Such meetings may be held at such times and places as the Trustees may think fit and may not be held during the months of April and may if a majority of the Trustees are absent from Bombay."

His Lordship's only object, in introducing the clause was to make sure that the business of the Trust might be transacted by the Trustees after a personal interchange of views and full discussion.

With the alteration, his Lordship sanctioned the scheme as framed and directed that the scheme might now be put in operation with all convenient despatch and steps be taken to elect the two additional Trustees directed to be appointed under the scheme. All costs of all parties, except those the plaintiffs had been ordered to pay, would be provided for in the same manner as the costs of the suit.

CLAIM ON HUNDIES.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble M. Justice Beaman disposed of the suit brought by Salebhoy Currimji Baroda-walla against Tyebbhai Moosaji and Company to recover Rs. 25,386.

Mr. R. D. N. Wadia, instructed by Messrs. Bicknell, Merwanji and Romer, appeared for the plaintiff ; the defendants did not appear.

Mr. Wadia said that the plaintiff had advanced Rs. 25,000 to the defendant company on hundies and the amount came to Rs. 25,386 with interest. The first defendant had become insolvent.

A decree for the amount with interest and cost was passed against the Company with stay of execution against the first defendant only.

PARTNERSHIP DISPUTE.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dinshaw Davar, delivered judgment on the question of costs in the suit brought by Dhanjibhoy B. Cooverji against Framji J. Valeada and others for dissolution of partnership and accounts.

The facts of this case have already been reported.

In delivering judgment, his Lordship said that the impression produced on his mind by a perusal of the pleadings, affidavits and correspondence was most unfavourable to the defendants. The plaintiff and the second defendant had an equal one-third interest in the profit and loss of the firm and they must bear the costs in that proportion. The plaintiff would pay one-third of the defendants' costs. The defendants would pay two-thirds of the plaintiff's costs.

SERVICE OF SUMMONS.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Robertson delivered judgment on the question of the service of summons in the short cause brought by Girdardass Mulchand against Navnarayan Uttamchand and another.

It might be remembered that the summonses in this case were returned refused by the defendants.

His Lordship held the service to be good and ordered the case to be put down on the board as a short cause.

CLAIM UNDER AN AGREEMENT.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dinshaw Davar disposed of the suit filed by B. Baluram and another against the New Moffusil Company, Limited, and another, to recover from the first defendant-company the share of their ginning factory under a certain pool agreement for ginning cotton.

The facts of the case have already been reported.

At a certain stage, the first defendant submitted to a decree for the whole amount claimed in the suit, and His Lordship passed an order accordingly.

The question of costs was the only question left to be disposed of by the Court and his Lordship, in ordering the first defendant to pay the plaintiffs' and the second defendant's costs, observed that the attitude adopted by the first defendant-company was unreasonable.

A REFRACTORY WITNESS.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dinshaw Davar, Mr. Barney, Sheriff's officer, produced Chunilal Pitambar, the second defendant in the suit filed by Mr. R. D. Settna against the National Bank of India and another, under a warrant issued by his Lordship against Chunilal, who was served with a summons unanimous and disobeyed it.

Questioned by his Lordship, Chunilal said, he was never served with a summons.

His Lordship warned Chunilal that if he spoke the truth, his Lordship would deal with him leniently. His Lordship was perfectly satisfied that the summons had been served.

His Lordship then examined Chunilal as a witness called by the Court and gave both parties an opportunity to cross-examine him.

After his evidence had been recorded, his Lordship discharged the witness on his undertaking to be present in Court from 11-30 a. m. to 5-20 p. m. on all the days the case was going on, observing that it was no use fining him as he had no money and as all his propesty had been attached by his creditors.

CONTRABAND ARMS CASE.

The Judicial Commissioner of Sind heard the appeal of Sayad Masiudin, an official of Myderabad State, and his Aga, who having pleaded guilty had been convicted by City Magistrate, Karachi, and sentenced the former to three months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 100 and the latter to three months' imprisonment under section 6 of the Arms Act for importing revolvers and cartridges by sea into British India. Mr. Kazi Kabiruddin, Barrister, Bombay Bar, instructed by Mr. Elphinston, solicitor, appeared for the appellants and the Government Pleader represented the Crown. Mr. Kabirudin urged that the joint trial of the two was contrary to section 239 C.P.C., and illegal. Recorded evidence showed that both imported arms independently and without the knowledge of each other. The Prosecution had failed to prove a common purpose. Secondly the charge was defective, because it did not state that the accused imported arms without a license and without being lawfully entitled to possess them. This omission, coupled with the fact that the charge was not fully explained misled the accused, prejudiced his defence and caused a failure of justice. If the charge had been explained, the appellant No. 1 would have conclusively proved that he was an exempted person under the Arms Act. Appellant No. 1 besides being an official of State, was brother-in-law to the late Sir Asmanjab Bahadur, K.C.I.E., who was the head of Asmanjab State. The Appellant was sent out of Hyderabad on official duty. During that time he drew his salary and was paid his expenses. He was bringing these revolvers for his own private use, as he was entitled to do. Mr. Kabiruddin said most of those facts were proved by affidavits that have been filed after the appeal was filed.

The Judge remarked there was no practice here to consider affidavits. Besides as the accused pleaded guilty, no appeal lay against the magisterial judgment under section 412 C. P. Code.

Mr. Kabiruddin requested the Court to construe the appeal memo as an application for review, if necessary, and remand the case to the Magistrate for their evidence being recorded, as that evidence was kept out because the appellants were undefended.

The Judge reserved consideration of this point and allowed the arguments on other questions to be reserved till Wednesday next.

POLICE NEWS.

THROWING STONE AT A TRAIN.

Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Abdul Rehman, a Mahomedan lad, aged 10, was charged, under section 127 of the Railway Act, with throwing a stone at a moving train. The evidence showed that while a train was on its way from Masjid Station to the Victoria Terminus, a stone was thrown at her by a boy near the Municipal Works, which hit Mr. Charles Dukes, who was travelling by that train, on the shoulder. On arrival at the Victoria Terminus, Mr. Dukes reported the matter to the police. A policeman was deputed to investigate the matter. A lad named Abdul Rehman Juma Suma pointed out the accused as the boy who had thrown the stone at the train.

The accused admitted having thrown the stone, but denied having intended to hit the complainant. He said he threw it at a guava tree, that was opposite to get some guava, but instead of hitting the tree, it struck the complainant. He pleaded not guilty.

Questioned by the Court, the complainant stated that the angle at which the stone came, showed that it was aimed at the train and not at the tree.

The accused was convicted and sentenced to receive eight stripes.

THEFT OF WEARING APPAREL.

Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Lewis charged one Phulchand Ramji, with the theft of wearing apparel, valued at Rs. 6-8. It appeared from the evidence that the complainant Bhau Bhimji was aroused yesterday morning by a noise in his chawl and found the accused in the hands of a neighbour, who lived in the same chawl. The accused had a bundle of clothes, which the complainant identified as his own. The accused was handed over to a policeman. The accused pleaded guilty. He was sentenced to undergo three days' rigorous imprisonment.

ALLEGED GAMBLING.

Clever Capture by Bombay Police.

Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Mr. F. Vincent, Deputy Commissioner of Police, charged Kader Kasum, Dinshaw Dhanjibhoy, Neva Malsi, Narai Odhavji and twenty-three others, with gambling. The fourth accused was further charged with keeping a common gaming house. Mr. Payne, solicitor, and Messrs. Kanuga, Olivera, and Ruben Solomon, pleaders, defended the accused.

It is alleged that gambling has been going on on an extensive scale for some years in a three-storayed house situated at Erskine Road. On Wednesday night the house was raided by the police under the direction of Mr. S. M. Edwardes, Commissioner of Police, who was assisted by Mr. Vincent, Deputy Commissioner, and Superintendents Sloane and Priestley. A cordon was placed round the building, and Mr. Edwardes and the other officers entered it. In an open room on the third floor they found three of the accused, one of whom was playing a harmonium and the other two were listening to the music. Apparently this was being done with a view to put the police off the scent. On the door of another room being forced open, six persons were found sitting on a piece of matting on the floor in that room and gambling with cards, and were arrested. The officers continued the search and forced open five other rooms and arrested twenty more of the accused. About Rs. 700 were found on the floor. As the police were leaving the last room, Mr. Edwardes noticed a roll of matting standing in a corner. Mr. Edwardes pulled at the roll, when he saw a human head coming out of it. On seeing the police approaching, this man had apparently rolled himself up in the matting and stood in the corner to avoid arrest.

The accused were remanded.

JAMNAGAR STATE AND ITS RECENT ACTIVITY.

A Jamnagar correspondent writes :—There is strong evidence that the world is short of good cotton from the last ten years, because the world's population, now supposed to number 1,522,700,000 is estimated to be increasing at the rate of 2¼ per cent. per annum. Increasing civilization in all parts of the world is rapidly forcing cotton clothing into the newly opened up regions of the earth and new uses are continually being found for raw cotton and its manufactured products.

In Kathiawar the cotton-stuff and staple is of a very inferior quality so much so that our cotton hardly finds its way in foreign markets. Only Indian Mills use it as they only produce rough and coarse cloth. No one has ever tried earnestly to improve the existing mode of cotton cultivation or its quality. His Highness Maharaja Jamsaheb has, we are glad to state, taken in hand this great and important problem. Seeing the poor and rather haphazard condition of Indian cotton, His Highness is experimenting on a fairly large scale at some considerable expense of establishment and labour to cultivate on scientific principles a species of cotton known as "Sponce cotton." It is believed to be indigenous to this soil and hence but little doubt exists as to the success of this undertaking. This cotton is of a better quality and possesses a long staple and sample articles of clothing produced from it are of very superior quality being very white in appearance and of almost silky feel and tenure.

Mr. J. R. Spence from whom this cotton takes its name, &c., who is well known upon the Liverpool Cotton Exchange, and formerly a member of the Liverpool Cotton Association, is engaged by His Highness to superintend and manage the 500 acres of land put under cultivation a few miles out of Jamnagar, the plantation is irrigated by the Tank at Vinjarkhi. Mr. Spence put in this seed about April, an unusual providing in this country. But notwithstanding the heat and the dryness of the atmosphere at that time of the year the plants came out well and are now healthy and strong and are three feet high already. Mr. Spence estimates the yield at 800lbs. of clean cotton to every acre. The result of the experiment is awaited with great interest by the State authorities and those who take a genuine interest in the growth and improvement of this industry.

A geological survey of the whole State has been undertaken by the order of H. H. the Maharaja Jamsaheb for the last two years and a couple of experts of long experience have prospected over a large part of H. H's territory, their report is highly satisfactory and there is reason to expect to an economic development of the State in various directions.

As is well known pearls are found in good quantities all along the coast of about 90 odd miles. These pearls are of varying sizes. They possess a beautiful colour and fine lustre. The fishery has recently been leased to an English Syndicate who it is sincerely hoped will cultivate the oyster and fish on a scientific basis by which the fishery can be made to yield an enormous revenue. The experience of a trial fishery amply justifies the hope that equally good results will be obtained in the near future to benefit the syndicate and the State. The Jamnagar Pearl Syndicate is going about in the right way to promote the best interest of the fishery by employing and keeping on the spot European superintendents, experts and divers to thoroughly investigate the coast and manage the fishery. The old methods as pursued by the State, though productive of a good revenue were not scientific and did not justify hopes of worthy results. We trust that the efforts of the enterprising Pearl Syndicate and the experiments on cotton plantation and of the geological survey will succeed, and that H. H's State will prosper and thrive for the good of his people for whose weal so much is being undertaken after a long period of inaction.

FATAL MOTOR-CAR ACCIDENT.

Ganesh Sawal, a syce, aged 30 years, died in the G. T. Hospital yesterday. He was conveyed there about 2 o'clock on the morning of the 6th instant suffering from injuries caused by his having been knocked down and run over by a motor-car.

Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Coromer of Bombay, held an inquest on the body, when Mr. Wass, the driver of the motor-car with his pleader Mr. Viraji attended. Evidence of a companion of the deceased showed that the deceased was returning to the Fort, after visiting some friends on the Malabar Hill, when, according to the statement of the companion a motor-car came up from behind and knocked down the deceased who lay unconscious for sometime. He was then removed to the hospital.

Mr. Young of Pyrke's Restaurant deposed that he was in the motor-car seated on the left of the driver, Mr. Joseph H. Wass, while looking through the glass screen he saw a black thing—something like an open umbrella and in an instant the glass was smashed to pieces. Mr. Wass stopped the car and jumping out of the car saw one Indian lying on the ground and another standing near him. They not knowing where the hospital was, they drove up to the police station and taking Mr. O'Brien they returned to the spot to find that the men had gone away. They then went to the hospital but could not find the men there either.

The jury returned a verdict to the effect that the death of Ganesh was caused by septic poisoning following the injuries to the knee which he received by being knocked down by a motor-car which was negligently driven by Mr. Wass.

BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK.

In the report for the half year ended 30th June, the directors state that the net profit, including the sum of Rs. 17,313-2-10 brought forward from December 31st last, amounts to Rs. 33,688-2-10, of this sum the Directors have set aside to Reserve Fund Account Rs. 20,000, and have written off to preliminary expenses account Rs. 6,000, leaving a balance of Rs. 57,688-8-10 from which they recommend a dividend of 6 1-4 per cent. per annum, free of income-tax, upon the paid up capital, which will absorb Rs. 31,250, and to carry forward to next year's account Rs. 26,438-8-10.

There was a good demand for money till the middle of April after which it began to slacken as will be evidenced from the fall in the Bank rate from 7 per cent. in April to 4 per cent. by the end of June. It will be seen that the Bank has made the net profit of Rs. 63,375-6-0 which is equal to 13·27 per cent. per annum on the paid up capital. During the half year the Bank has opened Branches at Calcutta, Karachi and Rangoon.

SPORTING NEWS.

BOMBAY MOUNTED SPORTS.

This week's Mounted Sports were attended by the biggest crowd which has turned out for any of these meetings this monsoon. The weather was again fine and with a well-filled programme there was an interesting series of events. Results :—

Tilting at the Ring and Tent-pegging : 1, J. R. Reynolds ; 2, Capt. R. L. Haymes ; 3, A. E. Baird.

Affinity Bending Race :—To be run off in heats. Lady and gentleman mounted to keep together by holding the ends of a handkerchief. If either lets go, the pair is disqualified.—1, Mrs. Hatch and Capt. Haymes ; 2, Mrs. Richmond and Captain Richmond ; 3, Mrs. Kirby and Major Kirby.

Individual Polo Ball Event :—Men to start holding polo stick in left hand and polo ball in right. They will at full gallop drop the polo ball into a bucket, go over a low jump and then hit another polo ball lying on the ground through a goal. Marks for style and pace.—1, A. K. Graham ; 2, Capt. Haymes.

Go-easy Stakes :—Competitors in pairs will line up at start, both mounted, the lady holding a tennis racquet. A tennis ball will be placed on the ground in front of each pair. On the word "Go" men will dismount and place tennis ball on ladies' racquet, the man will then mount and follow his partner and pick up the ball if it drops. Both must finish together.—1, Mrs. Richmond and A. K. Graham ; 2, Mrs. Hatch and Captain Haymes ; 3, Mrs. McCausland and H. D. Ash.

Golf Stakes :—Gentlemen will, with a golf club and ball, ride to a given spot where their partners will be standing. Will hand their horses to syces who will follow their masters with horses. The ladies will make first stroke towards a hole marked by a flag, the pair will then take alternate strokes until the ball is in the hole. Gentleman will pick up club and ball and race back to winning post.—1, Mrs. Portlock and A.E. Baird ; 2, Mrs. Richmond and A. K. Graham ; 3, Miss Thompson and H. G. W. Meikle.

Horse and Pony Hurdle Race :—1, Mr. Bub's Buccaneer (ridden by Captain Haymes) ; 2, Mr. E. G. Pearson's Dick ; 3, Sergt.-Major Foy's Lincoln, (ridden by R. Keith-Roach). Won easily.

POONA RACES.

1st Extra Meeting.

Saturday, 30th July.

ADDITIONAL RACE.

Entry closed at 6 p.m. on Wednesday 27th July 1910.

ARAB PONY SELLING PLATE, Distance About 5 furlongs.

Mr A S Oomer's ch a h Director 13 3 Rs 600
Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Ivan 13 3 3-4 Rs 600
Mr Ali bin Talib's b a h Jumbud 13 2 3-4 Rs 600
Mr Noormahomed Begmahomed's g a h Gwalior 13 1 3-4 Rs 700
Mr A W Essa's b a h Solitaire 12 3 1-4 Rs 500
Mr A A Saif's ch a h Woolwinder 13 3 1-2 Rs 400
Mr A A Saif's b a h Talib 13 3 Rs 400
Mr Dehesh bin Mahomed's g a h Young Achilles 13 1 4-Rs 400
Mr Ram's g a h Duwah 13 03-4 Rs 1,200
Messrs M Gooculdass and Garda's g a h Squire 13 3 Rs 500
Mr M Gooculdass' b a h Sir Jamal 13 1 3-4 Rs 800
Mr M Gooculdass' ch a h Vedas 140 Rs 400
Mr F M Garda's g a h Grey Falcon 12 2 3-4 Rs 700
Mr Abdoola Mistry's ch a h Priceless 13 3 1-4 Rs 800
Mr Newton's b a h Sirur 13 2 3-4 Rs 400

ROYAL HUMANE SOCIETY.

Medal Awarded to Lieut. Milne.

Under the auspices of the British India Marine Service Club, Lieut. R. A. Milne, R.N.R., was presented with the Royal Humane Society's Medal in the Club's premises by Mrs. R. G. Monteath, Captain W. Lumsden, R.N., Director of Royal Indian Marine presiding. There was a very large attendance of ladies and gentlemen.

The circumstances under which Mr. Milne was awarded the medal were as follows :—

On the afternoon of the 26th March last, when the British India Steam Navigation Company's s.s. "Itinda" was lying at Mogal Street buoy, in the middle of the Rangoon river, Miss Mackinnon, a passenger and Mr. Chance, Chief Engineer, were entering a sampan from the ship's accommodation ladder with the intention of proceeding ashore when the lady fell into the river dragging Mr. Chance with her. Mr. R. A. Milne, Chief Officer, who was standing at the gangway, ran down the ladder and at once dived into the river and was successful in rescuing both notwithstanding the strong flood tide of from 5 to 6 knots an hour which was running at the time.

Captain Swanson, who was an eye-witness, in his report, concluded by saying "if ever a man deserved the Humane Society's medal, I think Mr. Milne does."

The Hon'ble Mr. R. G. Monteath, in opening the proceedings, on behalf of the club and on behalf of himself expressed great pleasure in seeing so many friends present to show their appreciation and interest in the doings of a hero. He was present in a dual capacity—as president of the club as well as the representative of the directors of the British India Company. During the last eight years this was the fourth time that he had seen the Humane Society's medal awarded to a servant of the British India Company.

On behalf of the club as well as on behalf of the directors of the Company he expressed very great pleasure as Captain Lumsden's presence to preside on the occasion.

Captain Lumsden then addressed the guests. He thanked Mr. Monteath and the directors for the great compliment they had paid him in asking to preside on this occasion. He said that great many people had done and would, no doubt, do great actions without realising the danger, but that was not the case with Mr. Milne. As first officer of the ship he was aware of the danger he was undergoing in the Rangoon river. That was why they would look on Mr. Milne with respect and say there was a brave man, a man who fulfilled the character which British seamen had won all the world over.

Mrs. Monteath then presented the medal to Mr. Milne, amid very loud applause.

Mr. Milne, in reply thanked them all most sincerely for the honour done to him. He said they called his act bravery but he told them that it was upon mere impulse that he jumped into the river. He was before them then and he could not utter a word, all his bravery had disappeared. He thought there was no act of bravery in what he had done. He again thanked them for the honour they all had done to him that day. A vote of thanks to Captain Lumsden amid Mrs. Monteath terminated the proceedings.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(Bombay "Government Gazette," July 28.)

Mr Kottrabasappa Gurapadappa Bhavikatti, Special Head Karkun, Navalgund in the district of Dharwar, is appointed, to be a Magistrate of the Second Class in that district.

Mr Maruti Sakharam Vinekar, Honorary Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Kanara, to try in a summary way all the offences mentioned or referred to in section 260 of the C P Code.

Mr Vinayak Vaman Pataskar, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Yaval, to have the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes.

Mr Lakshman Krishnaji Nulkar, Second Class Subordinate Judge, Pandharpur, is granted privilege leave on half pay for one month with effect from the 25th July 1910 or subsequent date.

Mr. Ratanji Mancherji, First Class Subordinate Judge, Poona, to be Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Ahmedabad, vice Mr Javerilal Lallubhai Thakor retiring.

Mr. Ratanji Mancherji is invested with power to hear appeals from such decrees and orders of Subordinate Courts in the Ahmadabad districts as may be referred to him by the Judge of that district.

Mr. Dattatraya Ganesh Medhekar to do duty as First Class Subordinate Judge, Poona, vice Mr. Ratanji Mancherji.

Mr. Medhekar, First Class Subordinate Judge, Poona, to inspect and supervise, subject to the control of the District Judge, Poona, the proceedings of all Subordinate Judges under Chapter II, Chapter IV and Chapter VI of the said Act, and of all village Munsifs and Conciliators in the Poona District.

Mr Ganesh Hari Anjangaonkar, Acting Superintendent of Land Records and Registration, C. D., is granted privilege leave for six weeks with effect from 27th July or subsequent date.

HOW FEMALE SUFFRAGE WORKS IN NEW ZEALAND.

(BY A NEW ZEALANDER.)

Since my arrival in England I have watched with great interest the progress of the agitation on behalf of women's suffrage. In the Dominion of New Zealand, as is pretty generally known the franchise was conferred on women as far back as 1893. They enjoy precisely the same electoral privileges as men, so that every woman, married or single over the age of 21, who has lived for twelve months in the Dominion and six months of that time in the electoral district in which she desires to vote is entitled to be registered on the electoral roll of that district. The prophecies both of the advocates and opponents of the measure have for the most part proved singularly wide of the mark. It is interesting to remember that it was not a Radical measure in the first instance. Although it was passed in Mr. Seddon's Administration he was really opposed to it, and it is well known in the Dominion that he did his best to kill the Bill in the Upper House after it had passed the House of Representatives. It was forced upon him by the untiring exertions of a Conservative statesman, the Hon. Sir John Hall, who believed that the women's vote would exercise a steadying effect on politics and help to stem the rising tide of Socialism, of which the first heave and swell began to be felt in the serious labour troubles of the early nineties. It is possible that Sir John, who was one of the ablest Prime Ministers New Zealand ever possessed, became unduly pessimistic, when he was in Opposition, regarding its political future. I had the honour of his acquaintance, and I know from his own lips that he firmly believed that the effect of giving women the suffrage would be to add a bulwark to the sanctity of the home, to the security of property, and would help to check the tendency to rash experimental legislation which at that time was causing some anxiety to the more conservative section of the community.

Opponents of the measure, on the other hand, drew dismal pictures of women being hustled and insulted at the polls and of the happiness of countless households being destroyed by political differences between husbands and wives and between sisters and brothers. At the first election in which women voted, namely, in 1893—the first in New Zealand and the first in any British Dominion—no fewer than 78·48, of the adult females in the Colony were registered as electors, and of these 85,18 per cent actually recorded their votes. At the last election, namely, that held in 1908, no fewer than 99·76 per cent. of adult females in the Dominion were registered electors and of these 78,26 recorded their votes. Nor has there ever been a single instance of disorder at the polls owing to the presence of women. Anything more decorous than the actual voting at a New Zealand election it is impossible to conceive. The women voters are treated with the utmost courtesy at the booths, the men, as a rule, making room for them to pass in first.

INFLUENCED BY SENTIMENT.

These facts, it is only fair to admit. On the other hand, Sir John Hall's anticipation that women's suffrage would benefit the Conservative cause in New Zealand has proved utterly fallacious. At the first election at which women voted, namely, in 1893 a so-called Liberal-Labour Ministry was returned, then began the long series of Labour laws and other semi-Socialistic experiments in New Zealand which bulk so largely in our time-books, and since that time the Conservative party has never had a real sporting chance at the polls. The reason is not far to seek. Sir John Hall thought that as women are the chief sufferers by strikes their votes would be cast, if not on the side of the employers, at any rate in a direction least likely to bring about a rupture. He overlooked the fact that women in coming to a decision are not swayed so much by pure logic as by sentiment, and that when unscrupulous politicians began to play on class prejudices, the wives of the labourers and manual workers would be moved by the same passions and take the same views as their husbands and brothers. Speaking, generally, the women of New Zealand vote with their men folk, and, as the working classes have a predominance, the giving of women's franchise has simply had the effect of doubling their power.

It must not be hastily concluded, however, that there is no exception to this rule. On one question the women, even in the working classes, take their own line—and that is the question of prohibition. In twelve electoral districts of the Dominion all public houses have been closed without any compensation being paid to the owners, and this has been very largely the result of the women's vote. The prohibitionist vote is steadily growing, and many thoughtful observers are seriously asking the question how long the men of New Zealand who do not wish to be deprived of normal facilities for getting liquor will submit to district after district being voted "dry" largely by the votes of women who, not feeling the need of alcoholic refreshment themselves, are determined that the men shall not be able to get it if they can help it. In one or two other respects women voters show themselves largely influenced by sentimental considerations. A young and attractive speaker has a considerable advantage over other candidates, irrespective of politics, especially if he is attractive in looks as well as talk. The anticipation that the women's vote would "purify the House" and lead to a greater insistance on moral character as a qualification for public life has not been realised. There is more than one instance of a notorious confirmed and hopeless drunkard being elected to the House of Representatives, and it is tolerably well known that in each case women's votes were largely responsible for his return ; they voted for him mainly out of personal sympathy for the wife and family, who would be left in straitened circumstances if the peccant politician found his honorarium suddenly cut off.

PERIL TO ENGLAND.

What may be regarded as a more or less harmless political experiment in New Zealand would, in my judgment, be absolute madness in England, where the very existence of a great Empire may depend on the wisdom and temper of its Legislature. Great questions of naval and military armament, of peace and war, have to be decided. Would you trust these to be passing gusts of emotion which sway the minds of highly-strung women, conscious only of the horrors of war, and very imperfectly informed as to the best means of preventing such a disaster ? Next to adequate measures of defence, a strong foreign policy is the first essential for peace at home, and are you likely to get this from a Government looking largely to female voters for support ? The whole fiscal policy of the Empire must shortly be reviewed. The financial and economic considerations to be weighed are abstruse and difficult even to men of commercial training, and no one will pretend that the feminine intellect, admirable as it is for many purposes, is especially adapted for their solution. The British Constitution itself is now apparently to be thrown into the melting pot, and the most devoted admirer of the gentler sex will hardly say that the best way to arrive at a sound conclusion on the delicate and difficult questions involved would be to bestow the franchise on woman, and so call them into the councils of the nation.

The chief strength of England in the past has been the calm common sense which has characterised its government, the firm temper of its people in dealing with other nations, and their reluctance to make important changes without due deliberation. I have no hesitation in saying that the prevailing characteristics of women who take a prominent part in public life in New Zealand are a touching and implicit belief in the power of legislation to effect miracles and revolutionise human nature, a ready acceptance of "fads" as the last words of human wisdom, and an eagerness to try any legislative experiments which are plausible in theory. You in England and we of the Empire have a stern task before us to hold our own in the fierce competition of nations waxing ever stronger and stronger. Shall we be better fitted to cope with a virile nation like Germany by giving the women of England a share—in time a preponderating share—in the government of the nation's affairs ? The question needs only to be asked to be answered.

In conclusion, let me say that to my mind the greatest danger at the present moment is not from the out-and-out advocates of woman's franchise, but from those who support what they call a "compromise" in the shape of a Bill giving the vote to a limited number of women. I witnessed the great suffragist procession the other day, and I yield to no one in my administration of the many able and notable women whom I saw in its ranks. But let it not be supposed that the franchise, once given, will be confined to these, or such as these. No "compromise" is ever more than a temporary solution where an extension of the franchise is involved. You may as well make a small hole in a Dutch dike and say you will keep at within its present narrow limits. Once give a section of the women the vote, and to purchase their support politicians will outbid each other in the matter of further concessions, until, as in New Zealand, every adult servant girl and every shop assistant out of her teens will have the vote. The right to sit in Parliament will surely follow, always provided that England has not previously succumbed to some foreign power too wise to place the control of its military and its naval policy very largely in the hands of its female population.—"The Standard."

HIGH COURT.—JULY 29.

(Before the Hon Mr Justice Davar).

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

276-09 Mulla and M Aishabai vs Haji Umer Haji A Little and Co Matubhoy J and M Part heard.

259-09 Madhowji K and Co Modhibai vs G Damoder sad another Jamshedji R and D

1074-09 Raghaviava B and N Bhimabai widow vs G Veeram Wadia G and Co.

18-09 Raghavaya B and N Nairvahu alias Gungabai widow vs Shamcooverbai widow and another Shamrao M and H.

979-09 Raghavaya B and N Nairvahu alias Gangabai widow vs Shamcooverbai widow and another Shamrao M and H.

38-10 Gamanlal H Motichand Manchhasa a firm vs Kunjbehari Ravinarayen and others Captain V.

770-06 Jamshedji R and D Ishvardas Gorakhram the firm vs S Dhamrajmal and others Craigie B and Co.

1144-09 Wadia G and Co M Gordhandas vs B Jamnadass Narandass Madhowji and Bicknell M and R.

236-10 Payne and Co N M Marshall vs J H David, Bicknell M and R.

Testamentary Suits.

5-10 Madhowji K and Co Bhai Kanji Jeram and others vs J Damji and others Edgelow G W and Co.

20-09 Tyabji D and Co B Ruderam and another vs J Dayaram and others Raghavaya B and N

20-10 Madhowji K and C K Premji vs P Jairam Khunderao L and M

4-10 Ardeshir H D and Co Rustomji E Laher vs Jehangir E Laher Edgelow G W and Co.

9-10 Mulla and M Haji Jaffer M H Bachor and other vs Khatoobai widow Mirza and M.

11-10 Little and Co N Ranchordas vs Bai Surajvahu Malvi H M and R.

12-10 Bicknell M and R J Bomansha vs R Permanand Pestonji R K and Co

Long Cause.

650-08 Bhaisanker K and G The Hope Mills Ld vs Sir Cawasji Jehangir Readymoney Brt and another Mulla and M Daphtary F and D.

326-10 Thackerdas and Co K Poonumchand a firm vs K Kothare Edgelow G W and Co.

21-10 Daphtary F and D Bai Manibai vs Bai Jumnabai widow and others Madhowji K and Co.

(Before the Hon Mr. Justice Beaman.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

102-08 Tyabji D and Co T Surdarmal and others vs Hariram Savantram Payne and Co.

81-08 Kanga and S Vijibai widow vs Goc Madhowji a firm Little and Co.

34-10 Motichand and D Dawoodbhai Jiwajee vs Khatizabai widow and others Jehangir M and S Moti and D.

41-10 Captain and V Rustomjee Eduljee Dadachanjee vs Sulleman Hajee Husein and others Thakurdas and Co.

58-10 Ardeshir H D and Co Aziza Monassh and another vs Monassah Jacob Monassh and another Little and Co.

45-10 Mehta and D Keshuchand Pragjee vs Abdool Rassool Alibhai the firm Matubhoy J and M.

168-10 Smitham B and Co C Kheraj vs Sha Nathu Bharmal In person.

195-10 J R Patel and Co U Abdulla vs H G Rabham Jehangir M and S.

197-10 S B Mehta N Janji vs C Madhu and another Madhowji K and C Mansookhlal J and H

206-10 S B Mehta J Prema vs P Foosa and others Smitham B and Co.

878-95 Crawford B and Co, Robert G Badlock vs G Craig and others, Kanga and Wadia G and Co.

826-08 Dicksbit D and S, Khunderao Pandurang and another vs Bhai Pandurang and others Little and Co, In person.

76-09 S B Mehta, P Karanchand and

BY THE WAY.

THE STARS AND STRIPES.

The thirteen horizontal stripes on the American flag represent the thirteen original States of the Union, and remain constant. At first there were also thirteen stars, but their number—which corresponds to the number of States—has been slowly increasing since, in 1791, the fourteenth star was added to symbolis Kentucky. The greatest addition to the stars in any one year took place in 1889, when four were added in honour of the new States of North and South Dakota, Montana, and Washington, since when four more have been emblazoned on the flag—Idaho and Wyoming (1890), Utah (1896), and Oklahoma (1908). When the number is brought up to forty-eight to include Arizona and New Mexico, the official arrangement of the stars will be six rows of eight stars each.

AN EARLY AVIATOR.

In connexion with all the flying feats that are now making history, in a more or less tragic fashion does anybody recall the name of John Baptist Dante who may have been a late relative of the great Italian poet? He was a mathematician first of all; but he invented wings which were at least good enough to carry him over Lake Trasimenus. He had less luck in his second flight, for he fell upon a church, and broke his thigh. There was then no such surgical treatment as we have in these days; but the ingenious Dante recovered from his injury, and lived to become a professor of mathematics at Venice.

THE NORMAL THEATRE.

What is the Normal Theatre? Mr. Granville Barker is the author of the phrase, and the question is best answered in his own words. "If I had to name the movement in drama (better unnamed) "that I care most for," says Mr. Baker, "I should call it the Normal Theatre. That is a just description of the endeavour to produce normal plays about, and for normal people, capable of normal success under normal conditions." Mr. Barker explains all about this movement in modern drama in some characteristic and deeply interesting remarks in a recent lecture, which is reprinted in the July number of the "English Review."

A FREE NATIONAL THEATRE.

Mr. Barker is nothing if not bold. Discussing the problem of the provision of a National Theatre he propounds the question, why such a theatre should not be opened free: The suggestion, if not practical, is a perfectly serious one. We have a free National Gallery and a free British Museum Library. A free National Theatre would always be full—if the performances were good enough—and full of people who really wanted to see the plays; for, unlike those other places, a theatre is not a convenient place to flirt in and not a convenient place to sleep in. It would only cost a few thousands a year to have the classic drama there like a drinking-fountain in a public park—free refreshment to any one who was really thirsty for it. "I assert that it would be cheap at the price. For I don't think one sufficiently realises the enormous influence of the drama."

A TRIBUTE TO MR. FROHMAN.

As everybody knows, Mr. Granville Barker was one of the leading spirits in the recent Repertory experiment at the Duke of York's Theatre. Here is a happy tribute to the work accomplished by Mr. Frohman in that venture: One thing a very slight acquaintance with Mr. Frohman makes you sure of, that whether it gains or loses him money he loves the theatre. He has somewhat shamed us by bringing Repertory from the regions of talk and agitation to be an accomplished fact. Whatever has been done or left undone gained or lost, at the Duke of York's Theatre since last February the practicability of modern repertory has been proved, and the public now knows by demonstration what a Repertory Theatre is. "That is a definite step forward; and as far as my thanks go, I want to tender them publicly to Mr. Frohman and to say that I am proud to have taken a part in his enterprise."

AN OUTSPOKEN IRISH PHYSICIAN.

A celebrated Dublin Physician was Sir Dominic Corrigan, who was as much famed for his brusqueness towards patients as for his skill. In the course of some reminiscences which he is contributing to "State of South Africa," Mr. William Charles Scully tells a story of the well-known doctor which is quite worth quoting. I was taken to him, says the writer several times, but he always treated me with the utmost kindness. However, a highly respectable maiden aunt of mine had a different experience. She went to consult him. After sounding her—none too gently—and asking a few questions, he gave a grunt and relapsed into silence. Then, after a short pause of meditation he said: "Well, ma'am, it's one of two things. Either you drink or else you sit with your back to the fire."

GREAT BRITAIN'S SMALLEST RAILWAY.

Most people have heard of the Eton Hall Railway, which enjoys the distinction of being the smallest working railway in Great Britain. It is probable, however, that the manner in which the little line came to be built is no commonly known. Goods and materials required for the establishment at the Hall formerly had to be carried from Chester, and it was the Duke of Westminster's agent, the Hon. C. Parker, who hit upon the idea of constructing a light railway which would connect the Hall with Balderton, on the Great Western Railway.

THE ROLLING STOCK OF THE RAILWAY.

The line runs across many of the park drives and over small streams, which latter are spanned by steel girders. Sometimes as many as 300 tons of coal a month are hauled by the miniature locomotives and wagons. There are two engines, the largest of which has a tank capacity of seventy gallons, a boiler pressure of 175lb. to the square inch, and weighs 4 tons 12 cwt. In addition to the locomotives there are forty-four goods wagons, to brake-vans, one carriage, one parcel car, and one tool-van. The passenger car runs on two four-wheeled bogies, is 20ft. long, and has seating accommodation for sixteen passengers. It has carried many a Royal passenger.

RIVER-SIDE ROMAN REMAINS.

The Roman boat discovered on the site of the new County Hall is a most valuable addition to the survivals of the Roman occupation found by the Thames side in London. Of these remains the district of Thames-street has yielded the richest specimens. In 1839 excavations brought to light a Roman pavement of inch-square tiles, earthen jars, and coins; and in the following year were discovered a wall, eight feet thick, part of the Roman river-side ramparts and the foundations of several building, with a hypocaust and tesselated pavements. In Lower Thames-street, a hypocaust with tiled floors and several rooms, has been unearthed; and, within the Tower precincts, a silver ingot of the time of Honorius, three gold coins of the same period, and a small crown have been found.

WORKING CLASS READERS OF THOMAS HARDY.

In the course of "An Appreciative Sketch" of Mr. Thomas Hardy in the "Millgate Monthly," Mr. James Haslam has something to say concerning the following which "England's greatest living writer," has among the working-classes of the country: "If I were asked to what extent Thomas Hardy is read by the working-classes, I should say comparatively little. Still, my mind goes back to the time when I well remember one or two factory girls discussing the scenes in "Far from the Madding Crowd," whilst on a holiday jaunt to a familiar spot a few miles from a large manufacturing town in Lancashire. Neither the name of the author nor the title of the book was known to me. I remember one of them turning to me, as we were passing under the trees of a country lane, and saying: "what, theau's never read 'Far from the Madding Crowd'?! A few days after I went to the co-operative library, from which she had borrowed the volume. A year or two after, the same mill girl wept over the awful doom of "Tess," and lent me the book to read." "I was fascinated by Hardy," says Mr. Haslam, "as a factory hand. I mention this because it tends to indicate the power of a great writer in holding one's affection and securing one's lasting attention in circumstances that might appear incredible to the more or less discerning critic."

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," which, Lady Constance Howard writes, "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Countess of Westmeath, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning:—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the mermaid Trade Mark of Alolia adorns the wrapper, sold by Chemists Grocers, etc.

GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

MR. CARTON'S NEW COMEDY.

A new comedy by Mr. R. C. Carton will be produced in London at the end of this year. Mr. Carton is one of the very small band of laughter-makers whose work has real wit and distinction. Why does not Mr. Frohman include some of Mr. Carton's old St. James's comedies in his repertoire at the Duke of York's?

BILLY'S BARGAIN.

"This is a new kind of entertainment," says Mr. Weedon Grossmith, "and I am delighted to find it is proving the right kind." It is a little droll to have had so much objection raised to "Billy's Bargain" on the ground that the play falls into no ordinary category. It is a roller skit to find that the stalls and circle are rallying to the piece because it is easy to label it according to one's own fancy. One thing is certain. There is not a play in all London that can show us a scene like that second act of the amazing Russian hotel. It is packed with amusing types. They are all "well found" and freshly observed. The piece is a success.

THE NEW KIND OF ENTERTAINMENT.

But "Billy's Bargain" is only the beginning of the "new kind of entertainment" Londoners are to have. The autumn will bring us many surprises. There is the "piebald entertainment" for a small West End theatre which Captain Lumbart is pioneering—where blacks and whites, coloured actors and singing coons will give us opera in one scene and a story of the cottonfield in the next. Here we are to have the American "contiuuous entertainment" for it will be going morning and night. There is also to be a new "mixed grill" at another house. This is a project which is rapidly developing in more than one quarter, and is to be a combination of the "little theatre," such as Miss Gertrude Kingston is preparing for us in Agar-street—and the refined entertainment of Mr. Alfred Butt. A Margaret Cooper will divide an operetta from a "tragedy in little," and a deseuse like vette Guilbert will "talk" between a farce and a thrill. As to this last type of entertainment, it is only a queston as to who gets in first, and it is to be hoped that a dead-heat may be avoided. A mushroom-growth of "little Theatres" with varying programmes would not lead to success, but to suicide. The Palace and the Coliseum are still there, and drama and diseuse are not exactly novelties in the land of Oswald Stoll.

"THE MAN FROM MEXICO."

In November, 1908, there was given at the Coronet a rousing farce, in three acts, named "The Man from Mexico," by A. J. du Souchet. It is this piece with which the Strand will re-open on Saturday, Sept. 10, under the management of Mr. Stanley Cooze, who at the Coronet made a signal hit in the role of Benjamin Fazhugh. "The Man from Mexico" has also enjoyed a long and prosperous career in America, where, we believe, it has been played with scarcely an interruption for three years.

MR. YEAT'S NEW PLAY.

Mr. W. B. Yeats is now busily engaged upon a new play for Mrs. Patrick Campbell, accepted by her on the strength of a detailed scenario. The action is laid in an entirely imaginary country, and the part designed for Mrs. Campbell is that of a player who in the crisis of a revolutionary movement succeeds in raising the fallen fortunes of the kingdom. Mr. Yeats describes his piece as a fantastic comedy, written in verse with a good deal of rhyme. In its composition he has adopted a new method. "I am working out every scenic detail" he says, "as I write on a little model made for me by Gordon Craig, of which I have acquired the Irish rights. It is an invention which yields the most wonderful results in the way of light and shade. Working with it I feel that for the first time my imagination has broken free and got into a world of its own. If only real actors were as patient as the little figures of cardboard I manipulate or my mimic stage!"

IRISH NATIONAL THEATRE.

The appeal made by Mr. Yeats and Lady Gregory on behalf of the Irish National Theatre should not be allowed to fall into oblivion. "For eleven years past," they recall, "we have worked very hard in the attempt to found and to put on a permanent footing this enterprise. Our Dublin audience is steadily increasing, and we find support and a welcome not only in the chief towns in Ireland, but in the English intellectual centres." Unfortunately the subsidy upon which Mr. Yeats and Lady Gregory have hitherto been able to reckon is no longer forthcoming. To put the venture upon a solid basis and to ensure its continuance for another half dozen years the sum of £5,000 is needed. Already £2,000 have been promised, and it is with the view of obtaining the balance that Mr. Yeats and Lady Gregory make their appeal to all those interested in the welfare and the development of a national drama in Ireland.

"SOCIETY" AT THE CORONET.

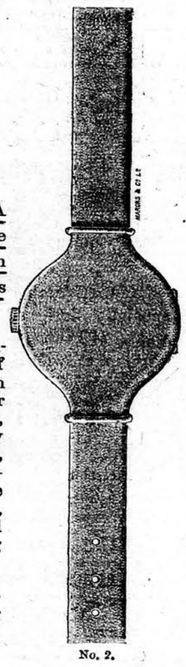
One owe it to the enterprise of Mr. Robert Arthur that he has given us a revival of a Robertsonian comedy which has not been seen in London since 1887. Sir John Hare in his revivals at the "Globe" a dozen years ago renewed his old successes in "Caste" and "School" and "Ours," but he fought shy of "Society" and his ancient part of Lord Ptarmigant. One the whole, one can hardly wonder at it. When Buckstone got an offer of the play he pronounced it rubbish, and declare it would never run more than three nights. The fact that it ran for a hundred and fifty may have disproved Buckstone's arithmetic but the flight of fifty years, or nearly almost justifies his criticism. If the play were written to-day by a beginner—and Robertson was little more in 1865—one doubts if it would find a manager to stage it, unless with fundamental alterations. He would want to know why a baby should be hawked about an open-air scene in a perambulator at nearly 9 p.m., for the sake of a fragment of by-play between a Lifeguardsman and a nurse. He would probably ask why Lady Ptarmigant should use a public square for the settlement of delicate family affairs, and only recollect that night air was bad for exposures like these when she wanted to silence all remonstrance. To be sure the aristocracy cuts a rather different figure on the stage to-day, but in the middle 'sixties it displayed a freedom of action which we can only regard as a feudal survival. Perhaps a better view would be that in the Robertsonian cosmogony the real aristocracy was the class of Bohemian who gloried in his impecuniosity, and in a circle of variegated genius which he praised in superlatives and ridiculed by implication. They had a way, these Robertsonian heroes, of hunting with the hounds and running with the hare, that is to say, of tickling the risibility of the stalls and truckling to the lofty sentiment of the gallery. Probability of situation was sacrificed for the sake of bringing two or three very human characters into conflic; and this is what stamps "Society" as belonging to the old order of comedy where, as Mr. Walkley has wittily said the "part" is greater than the whole. In no other way can one account for the way in which Sidney Daryl goes to pieces in the ball-room scene, and succumbs (ex-officer in the Lancers that he is) to a couple of small glasses of stage champagne, and a wild impulse to behave like a hooligan. This must have been too much, one would think, even for those mid-Victorian days, when the outward signs of inward respectability were "asides," antimacassars, and wax fruit.

MISS GERTRUDE ELLIOTT'S ENGAGEMENT.

At the Duke of York's "The Dawn of a To-morrow" must perforce be withdrawn within the next few weeks in order that Miss Gertrude Elliott may carry out her antecedent engagement to appear in America in September. The theatre then passes into the hands of the decorators and upholsterers, to reopen in September with Miss Irene Vanbrugh in "A Blot from the Blue," adapted from "Le Costand des Espinettes." Curiously enough, the heroine of that piece, which only contains three acts, does not appear until the middle of the second, but from that point onward, as may be imagined, she takes a very prominent part in the development of the action. Irma Lurette is a brilliant study of a true Parisian type, a so-called actress to whom only third-rate parts are assigned, but who nevertheless contrives to flash her jewels and her beauty in the eyes of her numerous admirers. She is the possessor of a packet of compromising letters, which an old friend of hers is intent on regaining. The man chosen to effect their recovery is Claude Brevin, an odd, fascinating, nervous, down-at-heels individual, whose "poverty not his will consents" to the commission of the crime. The psychology of this role, which has been alloted to Mr. Dennis Eadie, is certainly not its least interesting feature.

THE
"IDEAL" WRIST WATCHES.

No. 1.



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Both of the illustrations are photographic reproductions, and No. 2 shows the chamois lined strap crossing the back of watch.

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